Newport Daily News.

DELIVERED TO 80 PER CENT OF THE RESIDENTS OF MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1899. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JUST RECEIVED,

Another invoice of

BABY TENDERS, Price $3.00

A. C. Titus Co.

CHOICE POULTRY.

The choicest line of Rhode Island and Vermont Turkeys in the city at prices that cannot be beaten, quality considered.

Rhode Island Ducks, Geese, Chicks, etc.

INSPECTION OF THE PUBLIC INVITED.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

BOERS STILL SILENT.

Desultory Artillery Practice by British Continues.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The latest cable despatches from South Africa show that the situation at the front is practically unchanged. With the exception of desultory artillery practice, to which the Boers do not reply, the British continue to mark time.

The Boers bombarded Ladysmith heavily for a couple of hours December 16, the day after the battle of Tugela river, but little damage was done. They killed one man and wounded two men of the garrison.

Advices from Cape Town say the New Zealanders, with General French, at Naauwpoort, were in a tight corner December 18. They were nearly surrounded by Boers and retired under hail of bullets fired at short range, but sustained only little loss.

Among the Boers killed at Stormberg were many of that locality who had joined the Orange Free State forces.

Several newspaper correspondents have returned to Cape Town from the Modder river, apparently confirming the belief than an immediate advance of the British is projected.

The war office has received a despatch from Cape Town, dated December 25, saying: "There is no change in the situation at Modder river. General Methuen is well entrenched and the Boers have not disturbed him. General Gatacre reports that a force of 150 police has occupied Dordrecht, the Boers retreating with no loss."

The war office has received a despatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, dated December 24, announcing that in an engagement at Ladysmith, December 22, Major A. G. King, Captains Wathen and Oakes and Lieutenants Halse and Fawcett were wounded and nine non-commissioned officers and men were killed and ten wounded. This engagement had not been recorded before this.

A cable despatch, from Cape Town, dated December 20, says that glanders had broken out among the American mules, of which there are 1,100 at the Stellenbosch Remount farm. Twenty-six of the mules have been destroyed and 78 have been isolated.

The despatch adds that sedition is spreading in Cape Colony. Three members of the Cape parliament are alleged to be implicated and one of them is said to have presented a Free State flag to a Boer commander, at the same time expressing the hope that he would carry it to glory and victory. Another member of parliament is said to be recruiting for the Boers. In addition, wealthy farmers are now aiding the invaders.

DO NOT EXPECT TO WIN.

Free Staters Fear Subjection to the Transvaal More Than England.

MODDER RIVER, Cape Colony, Dec. 20.—The British naval guns command the whole Boer position and possess the exact range of every stone and bush. They frequently plant shells with good advantage in the midst of groups of Boers.

The burghers are reported to be returning home for Christmas. Recent arrivals from Jacobsdal report that, notwithstanding the Boer successes, the Free Staters do not expect ultimate victory. They complain of the overbearing conduct of General Cronje's men, who are alleged to be better fed and posted in the safest positions. The Transvaalers do not conceal their suspicions of the possible defection of the Free Staters and threaten to shoot them at the least sign of wavering. The Free Staters are declared to regard subjection to the Transvaal as more to be feared than subjection to Great Britain.

Joubert Back at the Front.

PRETORIA, Dec. 18.—General Joubert has recovered, and returned to the front today.

There were special services yesterday in the different laagers, as thanksgiving for the victories of Colenso, Stormberg and Modder river.

TWENTY PERISHED.

All the Bodies Probably Recovered from the Braznell Mines.

BROWNSVILLE, Penn., Dec. 26.—The search for the dead at the Braznell mine was kept up all night, and resulted in the finding of five more bodies, making 20 victims of the explosion. The bodies were so mutilated that they have not been identified. A thorough search of the mine was made this morning, but no more bodies were found, and it is believed that all have been recovered.

Inspectors Blick and Loutitt today began an investigation of the cause of the accident and the result will be submitted to the coroner. Thirteen of the victims of the explosion were buried today.

TO INVADE CANADA.

Fenians Reported to be Organizing a Large Army.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 26.—A special from Dunkirk says: The Fenians are said to be organizing here for an invasion of Canada. A man known to have knowledge of the condition of Fenian affairs in Dunkirk says that city has been called upon to raise 600 men to form a part of 125,000 men that are to be enrolled throughout the country. It is reported that the Fenians have two carloads of arms and munitions of war in concealment in or near this city.

Run Down by an Unknown.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—A small pleasure steamer named Bay Shore, from New York bound south, was run into off Barnegat, N. J., about 1 o'clock this morning, by an unknown three-masted schooner, which refused to give her name. The steamer's upper works were damaged and a hole was knocked in her stern, but she proceeded on her way south.

Norwegian Bark Captured by a British Cruiser.

DURBAN, Tuesday, Dec. 19.—Norwegian bark Regina, from Java, loaded with stretchers and railway sleepers, has been captured near Delagoa bay and brought here by British second-class cruiser Forte.

OPEN EVENINGS.

Articles purchased from us cannot be found anywhere else.

SUGGESTIONS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS,

Decorative, useful and rare.

Turkish Rugs, from $6.50 to $100. Odd pieces of Imported and Domestic Furniture, from $3 to $75.

Oriental Embroideries and Draperies at all prices.

Japanese Vases, Cups and Saucers, Plates, etc., in the largest variety ever shown.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Second Edition.

MOODY'S FUNERAL.

Body of the Great Evangelist Laid at Rest.

Addresses by Former Associates in His Work.

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., Dec. 26.—The funeral services in memory of Dwight L. Moody, the world-known evangelist, were held at the Congregational church here at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, with an attendance which recalled the summer days when hundreds came to Northfield to attend the meetings made famous by the presence and influence of Mr. Moody. Men who for many years have been connected with Mr. Moody's work took part. Rev. C. I. Scofield, D. D., officiated, assisted by Rev. R. A. Torrey of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago, and appropriate music was sung by the choir of the church and the Mount Hermon male quartet, which has assisted Mr. Moody in the work there during the last two years.

The body was borne to Round Top, a historic spot upon the grounds of the institute, for burial. At the grave a hymn was sung, Rev. Mr. Torrey offered prayer and Dr. Scofield pronounced a benediction.

The remarks of the officiating clergyman, Dr. Scofield, embraced an estimate of the man and his work and extended reference to the source of his greatness.

Northfield presented little of the aspect of winter this morning when the sun came out clear and a gentle breeze floated across the hills. Preparations had been made at the Moody household for an early service to precede the removal of Mr. Moody's body to the church, where it was to lie in state for several hours before the public funeral. At 9 o'clock, in the presence of the immediate family and the more distant relatives, Rev. Dr. Scofield read selections from the Scriptures and Rev. Dr. Torrey offered prayer. During the service the family only were in the room with the body. Mr. Scofield's selection was the ninetieth Psalm and several verses from the fourth chapter of Thessalonians. Rev. Mr. Torrey's prayer followed the reading of the Scripture and concluded the service. The friends then viewed the body, the family being permitted to spend some time alone with it.

As soon as the undertaker had placed the body in the casket it was borne out of the house and placed upon a bier, upon which it was carried to the church. The bier was oblong and covered with black material and had places where a score of students from the Northfield Institute, who had been designated as bearers, might take hold. There were about 40 students who had been chosen to act in this capacity, and at intervals as they proceeded toward the church those who had not assisted in bearing the bier relieved their comrades. Before the bier was raised white roses were strewn about the casket.

It is about half a mile from the Moody house to the church. Rev. Dr. Scofield and Rev. Mr. Torrey led the procession, which started from the Moody home at about 10:30 o'clock. The bier, carried by the students, followed Dr. Scofield and Mr. Torrey, and behind it, two by two, came the following honorary pall bearers—Ira D. Sankey and George C. Stebbins of Brooklyn, R. C. Morse of the Young Men's Christian Association international committee, and D. W. McWilliams, Rev. W. J. Herdman and Rev. George C. Needham of Philadelphia. The procession passed slowly along the road and on arriving at the Congregational church the body was placed in front of the pulpit.

Mrs. Moody expressed a desire that the services should be as simple as the method of life of the evangelist always had been, consequently nothing of show or looking to an elaborate ceremony was apparent. There were a few flowers and upon the body was a spray of palm and ivy extending from the feet upwards to the breast.

When the necessary details in connection with placing the body in the church had been completed, Rev. Dr. Scofield announced that friends would be permitted to view the remains. Professor W. F. Nichols and Professor James McConaughy, of the Mt. Hermon school, acted as guards. A large number of villagers and visitors then began slowly to file down the aisle and pass the body.

About 2:45 the family and relatives left the Moody home. On their arrival at the church, W. R. Moody, the son, escorted his mother. Mrs. A. P. Fitt, the daughter, was attended by her brother Paul, and the other relatives followed. At the church, seats had been reserved for the chorus of 150 who were to sing, under the direction of Professor A. J. Phillips, musical director at Northfield, for the trustees and members of the faculty of the Northfield institute.

The service opened with the hymn, "A Little While," by the students' chorus. An invocation was followed by the Scripture lesson, read by Rev. A. J. Pierson of Brooklyn. After prayer the Mount Hermon male quartet sang "Emmanuel's Land." Rev. Dr. Scofield then pronounced the eulogy. He said, in part:

We know; we are always confident; but is the Christian attitude toward the mystery of Jesus. We know, so far as the present body is concerned, that it is a tent in which we dwell; it is a convenience for this present life. Death threatens it, so far as we can see, with utter destruction. Soul and spirit instinctively cling to this present body. At that point revelation steps in with one of the great foundational certainties and reaches us to say: "We know that if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

There is a natural body and there is a spiritual body. But that is not all. Whither, after all, shall we go when this earthly tent dwelling is loosed down? To what scenes does death introduce us? What, in a word, lies for the Christian just across that little trench which we call a grave? Here is a new and most serious cause of solicitude. And here, again, revelation brings to faith the needed word. "We are confident, I say, and willing rather to be absent from the body, and to be at home with the Lord." Note, now, how that gives confidence: first, in that the transition is instantaneous. To be absent from the body is to be at home with the Lord. Second, every question of the soul which might bring back an answer of fear is satisfied with that one little word, "home."

And this is the Christian's doctrine of death, "We know;" "We are always confident." In this triumphant faith Dwight L. Moody lived and at high noon last Friday died. We are not met, dear friends, to mourn a defeat, but to celebrate a triumph. He walked with God and he was not, for God took him.

There in the West in the presence of a great audience of 12,000 of his fellowmen, God spoke to him to lay all down and come home. He would have planned it so.

This is not the place nor am I the man to present a study of the life and character of Dwight L. Moody. No one will ever question that we are today laying in the kindly embrace of the earth the body of a great man. Whether we mean greatness by qualities of character, by qualities of intellect, or by things alone, Dwight L. Moody must be accounted great.

The basis of Mr. Moody's character was sincerity, genuineness. He had an inveterate aversion to all forms of sham, unreality and pretense. Most of all did he detest religious pretense, cant. Along with this fundamental quality, Mr. Moody cherished a great love of righteousness. His first question concerning any proposed action was: "Is it right?" But these two qualities, necessarily at the bottom of all noble characters, were in him suffused and transfigured by divine grace. Besides all this, Mr. Moody was in a wonderful degree brave, magnanimous and unselfish. Doubtless this unlettered New England country boy became what he was by the grace of God. The hiding of Dwight L. Moody's power lay:

First, in a definite experience of Christ's saving grace. He had passed out of death into life, and he knew it.

Secondly, Mr. Moody believed in the divine authority of the Scriptures. The Bible was to him the voice of God, and he made it resound as such in the consciences of men.

Thirdly, he was baptized with the holy spirit and knew that he was. It was to him as definite an experience as his conversion.

Fourthly, he was a man of prayer. He believed in a living and unfettered God.

But fifthly, Mr. Moody believed in work, in ceaseless effort, in wise provision, in the power of organization, of publicity.

I like to think of D. L. Moody in heaven. I like to think of him with his Lord, and with Elijah, Daniel, Paul, Augustine, Luther, Wesley and Finney.

"Farewell, for a little time, great heart,
May a double portion of the spirit be vouchsafed to us who remain."

Rev. R. A. Torrey followed Dr. Scofield. Rev. Mr. Torrey's eulogy was based upon Mr. Moody's life as exemplifying the grace of God. Following Mr. Torrey remarks were made by those who had been associated with Mr. Moody in his work, among the speakers being Rev. H. G. Weston of Chester, Penn.; Rev. A. T. Pierson of Brooklyn, Bishop Mallalieu of Boston and Rev. J. W. Chapman of New York. The exercises at the church closed with the hymn, "When Morning Gilds the Sky," by the chorus.

The body was then borne to the burial place at Round Top. The grave had been surrounded with a platform covered with moss and evergreens. Within had been constructed a brick vault of dimensions sufficient for it to contain the case in which the casket was to be deposited. The body was placed beside the grave, while the chorus sang the hymn, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." Rev. Mr. Torrey offered prayer and Rev. Dr. Scofield pronounced the benediction, after which the body was lowered to its resting place. The vault was covered with stone, and sealed with cement after the friends had withdrawn.

Coal Miners' Strike at St. Etienne Still On.

ST. ETIENNE, France, Dec. 26.—The coal miners are calm today. The mines are guarded by troops. Only 25 per cent of the miners descended into the pits today. The lace workers had a meeting this morning and resolved to continue the strike.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The cabinet council held today at the Elysee palace discussed the St. Etienne strike. The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, and the minister of public works, M. Baudin, announced that measures would be taken to prevent a serious shortage of the coal supply.

New Hampshire Mills Advance Wages.

DOVER, Dec. 26.—An advance of wages averaging 10 per cent went into effect this morning in the mills and print works of the Cocheco Manufacturing Company. The increase benefits about 1,600 hands.

A similar advance went into effect at the cotton mills of the Great Falls Manufacturing Company, in Somersworth. The latter mills employ about 2,200.

Young Rothschild Volunteers.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Lionel Walter Rothschild, Unionist member of Parliament for the Aylesbury division of Buckinghamshire, eldest son of the first Baron Rothschild and the latter's heir, has volunteered for service in South Africa. He was born in 1868 and is unmarried.

Dead of Small Pox at Lowell.

LOWELL, Mass., Dec. 26.—John F. Ryan, aged 33, who was stricken with small pox 10 days ago, died at the contagious hospital this morning.

Lord Kitchener at Gibraltar.

GIBRALTAR, Dec. 26.—General Lord Kitchener has arrived here from Egypt.

COMMERFORD,
TAILOR,
218 Thames Street.

Fine Cigars
—IN—
HOLIDAY PACKAGES

Briar and Meerschaum Pipes,
THE VERY LATEST DESIGNS.

Cigar Moistening Boxes.

Ladies' patronage solicited.

J. D. Richardson & Co.,
300 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

Just a few more ladies'

Franklin Bicycles

Left. Former price $35.
Price now, while they last,

$20.

COME TO ME WHEN YOU WANT

REPAIRING DONE.

B. J. FOY,
379 Thames Street, Newport.
TELEPHONE 335-4.

MANY SKIRMISHES.

Americans Uniformly Successful Against Insurgent Bands.

MANILA, Dec. 26.—Colonel J. Franklin Bell of the Thirty-sixth infantry encountered 150 Filipinos Thursday, near Alaminos, province of Zambales, and killed, wounded or captured 28 of them. Our troops also obtained possession of a number of rifles and a quantity of ammunition. One American was wounded.

A detachment of the Thirty-fourth infantry encountered a band of the enemy Saturday at Aritao, province of New Viscaya, and routed them, killing two and wounding or capturing 13. The Americans also seized a quantity of ammunition.

The Twenty-first regiment attacked a Filipino outpost Sunday, near Calamba, scattering them and killing five of the enemy.

The Thirty-second regiment Sunday had a brush with the enemy from the mountains northwest of Dinalupijan. One American was wounded. The troops captured 125 head of cattle and brought them to Arani, Bataan province.

In the island of Panay Captain Brownell's company of the Twenty-sixth infantry fought the enemy near Sala. The rebels lost heavily, and the Americans captured a number of rifles.

The rebels who fled from Panay to Romblon island are surrendering to the American garrison from Panay.

The funeral of Major General Lawton will take place December 30, and the body will be embarked on transport Thomas.

OUR LOSSES SLIGHT.

General Otis Sends Details of Minor Engagements.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Under today's date General Otis, at Manila, reports some details of engagements with the insurgents following the death of General Lawton. His despatch follows:

"Following recent minor engagements: Capture San Mateo December 19; General Lawton killed; Captain Kinan, Twenty-ninth infantry, Lieutenant Breckenridge, Seventh infantry, slightly wounded; four enlisted men slightly wounded. Capture, same date, Montalban; Lieutenant Colchett, Eleventh cavalry, and six enlisted men wounded, mostly slightly; enemy's casualties heavy. In northern Zambales, 21, Bell struck 150 insurgents, killed, wounded and captured 28, and 20 rifles; Lieutenant Read, Thirty-sixth infantry, wounded right thigh, moderate. Hughes, Iloilo, reports insurgent band attacked Brownell's camp, Twenty-sixth infantry, near Jaro; repulsed with heavy loss in men and 26 rifles. Insurgents are in Romblon, surrendering arms.

"Twenty-third inst., Captain Dane, Thirty-fourth infantry, struck insurgent band near Aritao, province Nueva Viscaya, killing and wounding, capturing seven rifles. Lieutenant Meade, Twenty-first infantry, attacked insurgent outpost near Calamba, 21th inst., killing five, capturing five rifles. In mountains southern portion Bataan province, 24th inst., Captain Comfort, Thirty-second infantry, struck insurgent band, wounding four and having one man wounded. Major Spence, same regiment, same locality, captured 125 cattle and ponies. Captain Hayson, same date, attacked in mountains near Suling; one man missing."

POWELL'S

Superior Toilet Cologne,

Richard Hudnut's Elegant Wood Violet and White Heliotrope Sachets.
Handkerchief Extracts.

—AT—

POWELL'S PHARMACY,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

Your Choice

Of either the wide or narrow wale in our dressy, stylish, durable, all-wool Blue Serge Suits—$10 Both patterns are equally appropriate for business or for "after dark."

If you earn money easy and don't care whether or not you save $5, then you will perhaps buy elsewhere and pay 15 for the equal of this Blue Serge Suit of ours—but how foolish!

Winter Weight Serge Suits, $10.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.
208 THAMES ST. 208

G. E. Vernon & Co.,
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
Modern and Antique
FURNITURE
—AND—
Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.
NEWPORT.

A FEW SPECIAL ITEMS

AT THE

Bee Hive.

Mercerized Silk Underskirts, with accordeon plaited ruffle, in black and all colors, the prettiest style ever produced, $2.95.

Fine Black Sateen Underskirts, with cords and ruffle, flannel lined, worth $1.75, at $1.37.

French Marten Fur Scarfs, with six long tails; scarfs are full and long, worth $6; this week at $4.49

Children's Fur Sets—a new line received today from 95c. to $4.75 a set.

Umbrellas for ladies, men and children. We are offering extra values in that stock.

Sterling Silver Goods—We have replenished our assortment and offer them at the right prices.

KID GLOVES, always suitable for presents, are here in all colors and the kind that give satisfaction to the wearer.

HANDKERCHIEFS for ladies, men and children. If you want the best that either 5c., 10c., 12 1-2c., 15c., 19c., 25c., 37c. and 50c. will buy then you surely want to see the line offered at

THE BEE HIVE.

This Morning's News.

TWO GOVERNORS NAMED.

Young and Hood in Control of Northern Provinces of Luzon.

MANILA, Dec. 25.—General Young has been appointed military governor of the provinces of northwestern Luzon, with headquarters at Vigan. His command includes the Thirty-third infantry, under Colonel Luther R. Haire, and the Third cavalry. He will establish permanent stations at San Fernando and Laoag, with outposts wherever needed.

The Sixteenth infantry will proceed to Aparri, garrisoning such towns as may be deemed necessary in the provinces of Cagayan, Isabella and Nueva Vizcaya, of which Colonel Hood has been appointed military governor.

General Young and Colonel Hood are establishing civil municipal governments, and the ports in northern Luzon will be opened for trade about January 1.

DUTCH DISAFFECTION.

Disease Breaks Out Among the Horses in Both Camps.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—Despite the severity of the censorship, hints are being continually received of the serious spread of Dutch disaffection in both the Queenstown district of Cape Colony and Natal. A correspondent of the Daily Mail at Pietermaritzburg says: "The extent of Dutch disaffection should make the Imperial authorities realize the magnitude of the task before them."

There are unconfirmed reports from Cape Town that General Sir Charles Warren, commanding the Fifth division, has returned there.

Commandant Demeillon, who was taken prisoner at Elandslaagte and brought to Simon's Town, where he was confined on British cruiser Penelope, has succeeded in making his escape.

Horse sickness has broken out in both British and Boer camps in Natal. Four hundred British cavalry horses, it is said, have already been shot because of the occurrence of glanders, and the disease is likely to spread with much greater rapidity among the British horses than among the hardy Boer ponies, which may mean a considerable prolongation of the campaign.

The British position at Frere is being strengthened. The Tugela river is rising and there is a prospect of heavy rains.

The Times this morning says: "We are informed that the government has decided that it is not desirable to make further demands upon the European garrison in India unless unforeseen difficulties arise."

The holidays have brought an surcease of recruiting activity. Lord Alwyne Frederick Compton, Unionist member of Parliament for Biggleswade division of Bedfordshire, will raise a corps of mounted men. Lord Salisbury's private secretary, Mr. Schomberg McDonnell, who is a volunteer officer, has volunteered for service.

The action of the United States government causes considerable discussion regarding the contraband question as affecting Delagoa bay and Portugal. Widely divergent opinions are expressed. The Daily Graphic, in an editorial on the subject, says: "We believe that every provision has been made in British treaties with the United States for dealing with this matter. In this special circumstance of the present war, the government is bound to regard food as contraband. No doubt, the question can be satisfactorily settled by paying compensation for the seizures of American flour.

"The question of neutrality, however, is more serious, and Great Britain's duty is to have the Lourenzo Marquez-Transvaal railway watched by capable agents, and to warn Portugal that she will be held liable in damages for assistance to the Boers by means of the railway."

The Morning Post, on the contrary, argues that the government would be mad to treat food as contraband, as such action would play into the hands of all possible future enemies of Great Britain."

The first batch of Boer prisoners has arrived in England.

It is announced that the government has accepted another offer of a squadron of Canadian rough riders.

The mails are just arriving from Ladysmith. All the correspondents comment bitterly upon the superiority of the Boer artillery. The Times correspondent says: "It is impossible to evade the conclusion that, if British gunners were in the Boer position, the loss of life and damage to property in Ladysmith would be 10 times greater."

WITHOUT AMENDMENTS.

Leaders Plan to Put the Currency Bill Through the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, who will have charge of the Republican currency bill in the Senate, will try to put it through that body without an amendment.

This is the plan decided upon by the Republican leaders. Republicans who may favor changes in the bill are expected to abstain from offering amendments, and bring the matters they think should be changed to the attention of the finance committee. In this way much time will be saved and the Republicans will be able to present at all times a united front to the opposition. The leaders believe they can carry out their program.

Once the bill is in conference the Republican conferees from the two houses can get together and draft the final compromise measure, which will be agreed to by both houses and will become a law. There is every probability that this measure will resemble the Senate bill more than the House bill. It is expected to contain the Senate refunding feature and the House provision authorizing the establishment of national banks with $25,000 capital.

It is probable that the conferees will decide to incorporate in the bill the provision recommended by Comptroller Dawes to so modify the permission to national banks to issue currency up to the par value of the bonds deposited as to make 1 per cent of that circulation an emergency circulation. This is to be done by imposing a tax of three per cent on the additional 10 per cent the banks are to be allowed to issue.

While Republican leaders hope to be able to prevent the offering of amendments from their side of the chamber, except by Senators Wolcott and Chandler, who oppose the bill, they will be unable to control the Democratic side, and many amendments are expected from that quarter. This will give more political significance to the debate in the Senate than attended the discussion in the House.

In the Senate a vote can be obtained on every amendment, and the Senators will be put on record on every conceivable phase of the money question. These votes will not show as much division in the Democratic ranks as similar votes would have shown in the House, but it is expected that some of the amendments will indicate a disposition among the men who supported Mr. Bryan to get away from the Chicago platform.

There will be free silver amendments in various shapes, and it is probable that Senators Wolcott and Chandler will offer amendments looking to further attempts to bring about an international agreement. All such amendments will be voted down.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

EARTHQUAKE IN CALIFORNIA.

Many Buildings Damaged, But No Lives Lost.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 25.—A severe earthquake shock was felt throughout a large portion of southern California at 4:25 o'clock this morning, the undulations lasting about 12 seconds. The centre of the shock appeared to have been at San Jacinto, a small town in Riverside county.

The business portion of San Jacinto consists of two blocks of two-story buildings, some of which are built of brick. Ten or 15 buildings were damaged, chimneys being toppled over and walls cracked and shaken. The total damage at San Jacinto and Hemit, a small town near by, is estimated at $50,000. The large tourist hotel at Hemit was damaged and the hospital at San Jacinto also suffered. The rear wall of the Johnson block at Hemit fell. No person was injured at either place as far as known.

The shock was heavy at Santa Ana, Anheim, San Bernado, Riverside and other places, but no particular damage is reported except in San Jacinto and Hemit. At San Diego the taller buildings were severely shaken.

In this city no damage was done, though the shock was particularly violent. The houses here are well filled with eastern tourists, who in many instances were terrified at the unexpected disturbances and rushed from their rooms in affright.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Rev. Jacob Andreason Eekstorm, assistant rector of Grace Church, Providence, died in that city Saturday. Mr. Eekstorm was born in Chicago, Ill., September 22, 1867, and was educated for the ministry at the McCormick Theological Seminary in Chicago and took a post-graduate course at Yale College. During his stay at the seminary he was actively engaged in missionary work in North Dakota. In 1892, while a deacon, he became assistant at St. James Church, Chicago, under Rev. Floyd W. Tomkins, late rector of Grace Church, and after his ordination and a three years' rectorship at Lewiston, Me., was invited in 1897 to become assistant to Mr. Tomkins at Grace Church, in Providence, where he remained until his death. During the interval between the resignation of Mr. Tomkins and the arrival of the present rector, Mr. Eekstorm was in charge of the parish.

Agents working in the interests of the William A. Slater mills corporation at Slatersville have been at work recently to bring back weavers who struck and left the village, to resume work at the mills. The company is doing this in order to be able to run its looms, as even now, months after the strikes, only 300 of the looms are running, and there are 750 looms in the plant, which will be run when enough help is obtained. This latter number of looms, which is 450 more than the number now running, will require considerably over 100 more weavers, as a weaver at Slatersville averages four looms. The other departments have their full complement of help, but only between 400 and 500 are working at the mill, and 600 could be comfortably employed. The scarcity is solely in the weaving department.

Mrs. Maria A. Patstone, wife of Captain Lewis Patstone of the Forty-sixth United States infantry, died at her home in Providence Sunday. Mrs. Patstone was in good health at the time Captain Patstone left to join the Forty-sixth regiment, en route for the Philippines, and after his departure was indefatigable in her efforts for the well being and comfort of the men of her husband's company and regiment. She appealed to the people of Providence and the state, through the newspapers, to send to her their spare books and papers for forwarding to the regiment. The response was more than liberal, so much so that Mrs. Patstone received more material than could be used to advantage.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Brown University Glee Club has been secured by the Aquidneck Grange to give an entertainment in the town hall next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Irish and their son Raymond of East Greenwich are visiting relatives in town for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ward entertained their daughters, with their families, Christmas day.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Carr entertained a family party yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Peckham had as guests for Christmas Mr. Truman Peckham of Newport, Mr. E. Marion Peckham and family and Mr. and Mrs. J. Overton Peckham.

Mr. Reuben Peckham, accompanied by his sister, Miss Beth Peckham, left yesterday to attend the wedding of their brother, Mr. Joseph A. Peckham, in Vermont. Mr. Reuben Peckham is to be one of the groomsmen.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Sherman entertained yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Smith have had as guests their son, Mr. Charles W. Smith, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Alanson Spooner had as guests Mr. Andrew Carpenter and family and Miss May Chase yesterday.

Christmas exercises were held by the Berkeley Memorial Chapel Sunday school in Music hall on Saturday evening, and by the Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday school in the audience room of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hazard of Newport are visiting Mrs. Hazard's brother, Mr. Thomas Riggs, in Lowell, Mass.

Mrs. K. E. Fisher of New York is guest of her daughter, Mrs. Harry E. Peckham, at Hillside farm.

THE AUTOMOBILE IN AFRICA.

One of the first projects for the use of the automobile in Africa is that which has been recently taken up by a French company, the Compagnie de Transportation du Soudan Francaise. A treaty has lately been passed with the government, permitting it to engage in the transportation of merchandise in Soudan, of which the French possessions hold an important place. Between the station of Kayes, the limit of the present railroad, and the Niger, lies a stretch of country of about 300 miles, which at present has but little transportation facilities, and it is this gap which the new company proposes to fill up with the aid of automobiles, which will thus join the railroad to the right bank of the Niger. The vehicles will be of a slow-speed pattern and will follow a kind of wide grass road running through this part of the country; this road, while impracticable in the rainy season, is at other times quite well adapted for the passage of automobiles. About 50 will be needed to supply the demands of traffic. These are now being constructed by one of the large Paris factories. One peculiarity of the service is that Chinese are to be employed as conductors, these having been chosen because they are able to stand the climate of the region and are more intelligent and capable than the natives.

PE-RU-NA

Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

A sure, safe, time-tried remedy that cures Catarrhal Affections of every description. Sold by all Druggists. Write its discoverer, Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio. He will advise you free.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Sterling Silver Novelties, Silver Penholders,

With fancy stone heads.

Gold and Silver-Mounted Parker Fountain Pens,

Fine Boxes of Paper,

Handkerchief and Glove Boxes

And many other desirable novelties.

ROGERS,

210 THAMES STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

FISCHER

ESTABLISHED 1840,

PIANOS

RENOWNED FOR TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE

FISCHER PIANO

FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER

107,000

PIANOS HAVE BEEN MANUFACTURED BY THIS FIRM.

Grand and Upright Pianos

IN RARE WOODS AND CHASTE DESIGNS. WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

J. & C. FISCHER,

33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York,

—OR—

MANN & ECCLES,

347 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

To Rent or for Sale.

Several uprights all in good order for sale or to rent for the winter at very low prices. Call and examine before renting or buying elsewhere.

JOHN VARS, 126 Thames Street, Near Washington Square.

CLOTHING.

Winter Overcoats and Suits

Made up at greatly reduced prices. Call and see them.

EDWARD OTTO,

244 Thames St.

"Holiday Line"

— OF —

Neckwear, Suspenders, Umbrellas and Men's Jewelry,

AT REDUCED PRICES—ALL NEW GOODS.

NEIL McLENNAN,

268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building.

Wright's Health Underwear

(DOUBLE TEXTURE)

AT COST

W. C. LANGLEY & SON,

174 Thames St

Speaking of Dress,

Would not a nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?

Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.

J. K. McLennan, 195 Thames St.

SECOND-HAND

2-Horse Lumber Wagon

FOR SALE.

J. H. Bacheller, Langley's Wharf.

Call and see the 1900 Model Chainless

The finest built—the verdict of all who have seen it.

All 1900 model wheels, both chain and chainless, can be furnished with the automatic coasting brake.

REPAIRING, ENAMELING AND VULCANIZING.

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE, 534 Bellevue Avenue.

Have you ever thought how, at a little expense, you might fix up some of your old buildings, prevent leaky roofs, make warm your cow-sheds, barns, henhouses, hot-beds, and green-houses?

NEPONSET RED ROPE

WATER-PROOF ROOFING

for roofing and side-covering, will do the business. It is frost-proof and water-proof. It takes the place of back plaster in dwellings, and shingles and clapboards on outbuildings. Very much cheaper. Costs only one cent per square foot, with the necessary nails and tin caps for putting it on. For inside lining *Neponset Black Building Paper* is serviceable and very economical.

For full information and samples apply to

George A. Weaver Co.

Broadway & Spring St., Newport, R.I.

Hardware, Paints, and Oils.

TRADE MARK

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight, C.O.D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. Machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.

SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished. One illustration shows machine closed (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing. 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on four casters, adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully nickel trimmed. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE!

HASS, THE FLORIST,

IS PREPARED THIS WEEK FOR CHRISTMAS. EVERYBODY IS WELCOME TO COME IN MY STORE, 224 THAMES STREET, AND I AM SURE YOU WILL FIND SOMETHING THAT YOU WANT FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT. PRICES ARE VERY LOW. REMEMBER CHRISTMAS COMES ON MONDAY; BUY AND LEAVE YOUR ORDERS IN TIME.

Path Gravel.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE PATH GRAVEL. THERE IS NONE BETTER, NONE HANDSOMER, NONE THAT WILL WEAR BETTER, AND ONLY ONE PLACE YOU CAN GET IT. ADDRESS PECKHAM BROS., MIDDLETOWN, R. I.

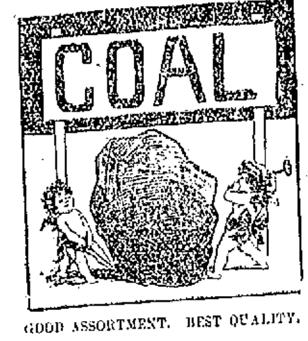
IF YOU WANT GOOD HELP

Drop a postal to

LEARY'S INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

168 Broadway

COAL AND WOOD.



GOOD ASSORTMENT. BEST QUALITY.

Pinniger & Manchester

341 THAMES STREET.

Chestnut Coal.

Two cargoes large and handsome Pittston and Plymouth Chestnut Coal just discharged.

A full assortment of all the best grades of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal; Franklin, Lorberry, Pittston, Lehigh and Plymouth Coal.

RED ASH CHESTNUT a specialty. Fine burning.

Pocahontas and George's Creek Cumberland.

Genuine Lehigh Coal, the best on earth.

FOR SALE BY

The Gardiner B. Reynolds Co.

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Holiday Gifts!

Fine Gold Spectacles, Eyeglasses and Lorgnettes

Make nice presents. After Christmas I will fit the proper lenses.

L. N. VAUGHAN,

Refracting and Dispensing Optician,

88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

Assignee's Sale

At the Whitfield Tuck Store, 166 Thames Street.

Christmas is over, but our Great Reduction Sale is still going on and we have marked goods at prices that will certainly command attention of all intending purchasers.

We still have many thousands of dollars worth of desirable goods that we wish to dispose of AT ONCE.

Do not miss this splendid opportunity.

WM. E. TUCK, Assignee.

We are showing splendid bargains in our Furniture Department. It will pay you to examine.

Fancy Rocking Chairs, new styles, in oak and cherry finish, prices ranging from $1.10 to $4.49.

Extra values in Velour-Covered Couches, tufted, desirable patterns, former prices $12.50 $11, $9.50, $7.50 and $4.50, now selling at $10.98, $9, $7.50, $5 and $2.98.

Do not forget that we have the lowest prices on White Enamel Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Letheroid Lunch Boxes, three different sizes, best quality, at 10c., 12 1-2c. and 15c.

72-inch Felt, best quality, all colors, including white, regular price $1.50, now 80c. a yard.

Centre Tables in oak and cherry finish, latest styles, at great reduction.

500 yards Cambrics, assorted light colors, best quality, 64x64 cloth; regular 5c. quality, now only 3c. a yard.

All our Christmas Goods, Sterling Silverware, Toilet Articles, Handkerchiefs, etc., at great reduction.

Jackets, Capes, Furs, Wrappers, Skirts, etc., at lower prices than ever.

Splendid bargains in our Boot and Shoe Department.

MAGNIFICENT MONOLITHS.

The Eight Great Pillars of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Word has been received in New York that the fourth of the eight mammoth monolithic pillars of granite which are to surround three sides of the altar in the choir of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine has been successfully quarried, and that work is already well under way on the fifth.

Absolutely nothing has been given to the public concerning the wonderful stones hitherto, but in truth they will be among the most remarkable features of America's largest and most imposing ecclesiastical structure. This will be apparent from the statement that each stone will be 54 feet six inches long, with an average diameter of six feet and a weight of more than 120 tons. The cost of the eight, set in position, will be approximately $200,000 in the aggregate, or $25,000 each. Only one structure in the whole world contains single stones surpassing or even remotely approaching these in size and cost; it is the Cathedral of St. Isaac, at St. Petersburg, Russia, the facade of which is supported by monoliths of five feet six inches greater length and one foot greater diameter.

Aside from the monoliths of St. Isaac's, there are perhaps a bare dozen larger quarried stones than the pillars of St. John the Divine in existence. The Egyptian obelisk in Central Park is 14 feet and one-half inch longer, while its diameter at the base is a little greater, though at the top it is considerably less. Besides, there are two or three monolithic monuments to the dead in America that are of greater length, but of less bulk and weight. Most of the famous monoliths in Europe are Egyptian obelisks, and only three or four are larger than the monoliths of St. John's. An exception is the famous 84-foot monolithic obelisk standing in St. Petersburg, but quarried in Siberia. The largest quarried stone in existence is 63 feet long by 10 feet five inches by 13 feet. It lies in the quarry where it was dug, near the ruins of ancient Baalbec.

Perhaps the chief reason why no publicity has been given to the plan for the use of such exceptional stones in the construction of the cathedral on the Heights lies in the fact that they were no part of the original scheme. It was, indeed, planned to make pillars of exceptional height and impressiveness a part of the choir, but, as first conceived, they were to be "built up" pillars of Gothic cluster design. Plans and drawings for such pillars were made and remade by Heins & La Farge, the architects, without profiting what they considered a sufficiently imposing effect. Finally the idea of monolithic pillars presented itself, and was submitted to the trustees, with the explanation that the cost would be a good deal in excess of built up clusters, since monoliths of such size are not easily obtained. In fact, there was no certainty that they could be obtained at all, but, the trustees approving of the idea, proposals for furnishing them were invited, and the architects committed themselves to the plan.

Investigation showed that there were probably not more than two or three granite quarries in America from which such stones could be obtained. The one selected is known as the Wharff quarry, and is owned by the Bodwell Granite Company at Vinalhaven, Me. Vinalhaven is located on a small island in the archipelago of Penobscot, about 20 miles from Rockland, and the stone of the Wharff quarry is of exceptional quality, in that it lies in vast seamless masses, and is also possessed of an exceptionally close grain and unusual strength. The fine body of granite from which the monoliths are now being taken was discovered several years ago, and has been carefully preserved ever since, orders for small blocks being filled from other parts of the quarry.

The work of getting the monoliths out was begun about eight months ago, under the general direction of John Peirce, who has the contract to deliver them at the cathedral site, and has been prosecuted steadily ever since, from 40 to 150 men being employed constantly at the work. The bare quarrying of such blocks is a task of unusual magnitude, and cannot be rushed beyond a certain point, since only 40 or 50 men can work on one block at the same time, and in certain conditions only can the quarrying of two or more be carried on simultaneously. The prospects now are, however, that the last of the eight will be separated and ready for dressing in about a year from the beginning of the work. In order to make sure that the stones will meet all requirements each is laid out considerably larger than is absolutely necessary, and the first one quarried weighed 350 tons in the rough. The dressing, transportation and setting will require a full year after the quarrying is completed, and possibly more; so that they will not be in place much, if any, before the middle of 1901, and perhaps not until a year later.

The dressing and setting of the monoliths will be quite as difficult as the quarrying. The dressing will be done in a monster turning lathe, the like of which is not now in existence, in America at least, and which is being constructed at the present time from specially prepared plans. Though in principle like any other lathe, the enormous weight of the stone to be turned and the exceptional strength of the parts required will render necessary many variations of detail in design. The lathe will be built to give a degree of polish to the stones, as well as to turn them; its cost will not be far from $25,000, and it will be by far the largest stone working machine in the country.

The monoliths will be brought here by water. Mr. Peirce is not yet certain whether a craft suitable for the transportation of such blocks is now in commission; if not, he will have a steam barge built specially. It will probably be large enough and heavy enough to bring two at a time, and, of course, will be available for future service in the stone trade. The monoliths will be landed at the western foot of One Hundred and Thirty-second street, and their transportation from there to the cathedral will be the next difficult step.

Several plans have been suggested for this operation. One which has been looked upon with some favor involves boxing the monoliths, laying heavy temporary plank tracks in front of them and then "rolling" them, exactly as safes are moved, but it now seems probable that they will be moved on immense trucks or wheeled saddles, somewhat similar to the trucks on which cables, heavy timbers and steel girders are moved. The monoliths being much heavier than any of these, however, the trucks for their moving will have to be built specially for the work, and will be larger and more massive than any yet used here. In order to prevent injury to the pavements of the streets through which they are to be moved the rims of the wheels will have to be very wide, of course. Mr. Peirce expects to be able to move each monolith from the point of landing to the cathedral in about four days.

The erection of the monoliths will be another difficult operation. Other masses of stone as heavy have been set in modern times and in this country, and, on the face of things, the setting of the Central Park obelisk was quite as difficult. The setting of the pillars of St. John's involves several complications, however, which did not exist in the case of the obelisk. It stands by itself on a foundation little, if any, raised above the surrounding surface, while these big stones will rest on foundations raised eight or ten feet above the surface, and surrounded by a labyrinth of half completed masonry.

This precludes the employment of such apparatus as was used in erecting the Central Park obelisk, and, in fact, makes necessary the building of special machinery. The designing of this has been done by H. de B. Parsons, the constructing engineer, and his plans are remarkably ingenious and simple in principle, though apparently complicated in detail. In brief, the apparatus may be described as two steel standards, between which the pillar to be set will lie on its side, protected by wood lagging and supported in a specially devised steel collar located exactly in the centre of gravity. This collar is attached to the pillars by a trunnion arrangement, similar in principle to the trunnions of a 12-inch gun's mounting, but made to slide up and down on the standard and fitted with hydraulic pumps. When everything is ready for raising one of the pillars the pumps will be worked until the monolith has been lifted in a horizontal position 18 inches or two feet. It will then be put in its place with what may be termed steel pegs, and the pumps re-adjusted for another lift.

This operation will be repeated till the stone has been raised a little more than half its own length, still in a horizontal position and exactly over its foundation. Then, by means of ropes, it will be slowly turned on the trunnions till it is in a vertical position and the lower end just above the foundation, when, despite its 120 tons of weight, it will be lowered to its resting place as gently as if it were light as down. Necessarily the hoisting apparatus, which is entirely novel in design, will be built of unusual strength, and when in operation will be stayed by massive wire cable guides. Its cost will be several thousand dollars, and it will be as carefully and solidly built as if there were enough ponderous monoliths to be set in future to keep it permanently employed, whereas there will probably be no opportunity to make use of it again in the life of a generation at least.

With reference to the crypt, the only part of the cathedral now occupied, the monoliths will stand to the eastward. Their eight massive foundations form the inner of the two semicircles of square, pedestal-like structures of masonry which have been built not far from the brow of Morningside Heights. When the choir of the cathedral is completed the monoliths will separate the ambulatory from the chancel, and will partially surround the high altar to be situated at the extreme point of the chancel's curve. The massive piers which will support the choir roof will be set on the outer curving row of foundation structures now standing, and the seven chapels to be built at the choir's east end will be beyond them, the entrances being between the piers and corresponding exactly to the openings between the monoliths.—[New York Herald.

PERSONALS.

....Roland Reed, the comedian, who has been ill for the last six months, was taken from his home yesterday to St. Luke's Hospital in New York to be operated on for appendicitis.

....The czar will present Prince George of Greece with a splendid yacht as a New Year's gift. The vessel has been specially built at Sebastopol, and is intended as a souvenir of Prince George's saving the life of the czar in Japan while they were on a tour around the world several years ago.

....The remains of the Duke of Westminster, who succumbed to pneumonia last Friday at his town residence, Grosvenor House, were cremated Sunday at Woking Cemetery. The deceased had been active in the promotion of cremation and was president of the Chester Cremation Society.

....The death in Boston Sunday of Daniel S. Ford, owner of the Youth's Companion and a man of great benevolence, is announced. While a young man Mr. Ford with others published the Watchman-Reflector, and in 1857 they purchased the Youth's Companion from Deacon Willis, father of the famous poet, Nathaniel P. Willis. A division of the property became necessary, and to Mr. Ford's lot fell the Youth's Companion. In order to avoid confusion in accounts it had been published for several years under the fictitious and wholly invented name of Perry, Mason & Co., and under that form it has been continued until the present day. Mr. Ford for years before his death had used almost princely sums for charitable and philanthropic purposes, although so quietly given that almost no one except the recipients knew from whence the bounty came. He was a prominent member of the Rutgles Street Baptist Church of Boston, which he had endowed with large contributions.

PEOPLE WHO SYNDICATE THEIR SORROWS.

The most selfish man in the world is the one who is most unselfish—with his sorrows. He does not leave a single misery of his untold to you, or unsuffered by you—he gives you all of them. The world becomes to him a syndicate formed to take stock in his private cares, worries and trials. His mistake is in forming a syndicate, he should organize a trust and control it all himself, then he could keep every one from getting any of his misery.

Autobiography constitutes a large part of the conversation of some people. It is not really conversation—it is an uninterrupted monologue. These people study their individual lives with a microscope, and then they throw an enlarged view of their miseries on a screen and lecture on them, as a stereopticon man discourses on the microbes in a drop of water. They tell you that "they did not sleep a wink all night; they heard the clock strike every quarter of an hour." Now there is no real cause for thus boasting of insomnia. It requires no peculiar talent—even though it does come only to wide-awake people.

If you ask such a man how he is feeling, he will trace the whole genealogy of his present condition down from the time he had the grippe four years ago. You hope for a word; he gives you a treatise. You asked for a sentence; he delivers an encyclopaedia. His motto is: "Every man his own Boswell." He is syndicating his sorrows.

The woman who makes her trials with her children, her troubles with her servants, her difficulties with her family, the subjects of conversation with her callers is syndicating her sorrows. If she has a dear little innocent child who recites "Curfew Shall Not Ring Tonight," is it not wiser for the mother to bear it calmly and discreetly and in silence, than to syndicate this sorrow?—[William George Jordan, in "The Kingship of Self Control."

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

KING CHRISTMAS AND MASTER NEW YEAR.

King Christmas sat in his house of ice,
And looked across the snow.
"Hallo, my little man!" he cried,
"Now, whither dost thou go?"

"I go, my Lord, along the way
That all my kin have gone,
Where thou, my Lord, shall follow me
Before another dawn."

"Right gayly," cried the Christmas King.
"Who ride tonight with thee?"
"The days of grief, the days of joy,
Are they who ride with me."

"God keep thee, merry little man;
Go whisper them that mourn
How surely comes again the day
When Christ the Lord was born.

"And be not sad, my little man,
But when thou too art old
And o'er the wintry wastes you come,
A weary man and cold,

"Right cheerily, I pray thee, then,
To keep this gracious tryst,
And leave thy weary burden here
Where cares grow light, with Christ.

"Now, bid thy gallant company
Ride onward without fear,
For I, the King of Christmas,
Have blessed the glad New Year."
—[S. Weir Mitchell, in the Century.

THE MASTER.

There is an artist greater far
Than any child of earth;
His touch made bright the Christmas star,
And glorifies each mortal's birth.

He draws the deep and vital lines
On childhood's careless face;
On brow and lips he sets his signs,
The hard-won battle's lasting trace.

He holds the throbbing heart of man
In strong and tender hands;
He molds it as no other can,
Until at last it understands.

And all who win on earth below,
And all who losing gain,
Must, dying, all his beauty know,
And bless the loving master Pain.
—[John Curtis Underwood, in Ainslee's Magazine.

FANCIES.

Short—I wish I were a rumor.
Long—Why so?
Short—Because a rumor soon gains currency.—[Chicago News.

We are told that the whole is greater than any of its parts. And yet an actor is frequently spoken of as sinking himself in his part.—[Boston Transcript.

Fortune teller—And I see a dark man who will give you trouble.
The widow (to herself)—The coalman! Why didn't I pay his bill?—[Chicago News.

"How did you come out with your little flyer in the stock market?"
"That wasn't a flyer," answered the morose friend. "That was a sinker."—[Washington Star.

Ada—I've just met Miss Summerfirt. She has changed a good deal since last year.
Clara—Yes—but she hasn't changed her name.—[Brooklyn Life.

"Pray compose yourself," said the man who was getting the best of the argument.
"Compose myself!" echoed the other. "I'd have you know, sir, that I am already a self-made man."—[Chicago News.

The dun—I called to see if you could settle that little account today.
The debtor—Really, do you know, I think you are the most curious man I ever knew. To think you should take so much trouble to find out such a little thing as that.—[Boston Transcript.

"But," said the man from the North, "you people are lynching more negroes each year than you did the year before. That is an alarming fact. You know that it cannot last always. You know what it will lead to."
"Glad, sah!" replied the prominent citizen, "No fears on that score. You don't know, sah, how these niggers multiply."—[Brooklyn Life.

Watts—Well, prosperity is undoubtedly here.
Potts—So? Any signs of it in your case?
Watts—Yes, indeed. There's a beggar got me on his list who used to strike me for a penny every day. Now he isn't satisfied with anything less than a dime.—[Indianapolis Press.

The professor—I have a new conundrum for you. Why is a mouse like a haystack?
The doctor—A new conundrum! That had whiskers when I was a boy. A mouse is like a haystack because the cat'll eat it. New conundrum! Ho! Ho! Ha! Ha!
The professor—That isn't the answer at all. The points of resemblance are these: You can't find a needle in a haystack, and you can't find a needle in a mouse. Some people weary me exceedingly with their affectation of superior knowledge.—[Chicago Tribune.

Willie—Just see my new hobby-automobile.
Jack—That's nothing! Look at this bladeless knife and triggerless rifle.
Alice—Ha! you should see my pointless story-book. What have you got, papa?
Papa—A penniless purse.—[Life.

MENU FOR WEDNESDAY.

When none was for a party,
But all were for the state,
When the great man helped the poor man,
And the poor man loved the great.
—[Tennyson.

Breakfast.
Omelette Moxienne.
Saratoga Potatoes.
Rolls. Peach Marmalade.
Coffee.

Dinner.
Bisque of Clams.
Sardines. Stuffed Peppers. Celery.
Pigeons, Roasted.
Fried Eggplant. Parsnips.
Ice Cream.
Petit Four. Coffee.

Supper.
Jellied Chicken.
Whole Wheat Bread and Butter.
Cream Potatoes.
Baked Apples with Whipped Cream.
Chocolate. Sponge Cake.

Sheep's Tongues au Gratin. First stir until render, then peel them and trim nicely. Provide for your sauce three or four fat livers of fowls and two of a turkey; boil well and pound them, put them into a stewpan with a ladle of cullis, stir well and pass it through an etamine. If you make use of plate, pour the sauce into the dish, seasoned with a little salt and pepper and shallot, and set your tongues in and keep it stewed over a chafing dish of charcoal with cover close down till it is almost dry, then pour in a little gravy, with the juice of a lemon or an orange and serve with a sprinkle of fine minced parsley. If you use a stewpan, lay the tongues smooth in the pan and put your gravy over them as directed before.—Old English Recipe.

After Searching Tests

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy Has Proved Itself to be the Only

Positive Cure for Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Thousands of requests for free bottles of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy are received nearly every day by the manufacturers, and upon strict investigation it has been found that no less than 91 out of every hundred of those receiving trial bottles have been so helped by the Remedy sent that they have bought large sized bottles at their druggists.

It has been proven beyond question that Favorite Remedy is the very best medicine known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Chronic Constipation, and the sicknesses peculiar to women. The manufacturers are prepared to send free trial bottles postpaid to all those who will write, giving their full name and postoffice address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper.

Put some of your urine in a glass tumbler; if in 24 hours it has a sediment, or a milky, cloudy condition; if it is pale or discolored, ropy or stringy, you need a good medicine, and Favorite Remedy is the best one you can take. It speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, scalding burning pain in passing water, staining of your linen by the urine and inability to hold it. Also the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey or beer.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold at all drug stores at $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.

A Delicious Dessert
Lemon Sherbet made with
KEYSTONE
Silver White
GELATINE
If your grocer cannot supply you, send us his name and we'll send you a sample package free, with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.
KEYSTONE GELATINE WORKS, Detroit, Mich.
The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

You Read

Your evening paper with greater or less regularity. If you have a proper regard for your eyes you will give them the very best aid known to optical science. We give you that free of charge when we supply you with glasses. Examinations free by a Graduate Optician. Frames repaired and broken lenses replaced.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians, 162 Thames St.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,
170 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.
Engineers and Contractors for Concrete Masonry.
ARTIFICIAL STONE,
Tar, Concrete and Asphalt Walks and Drives, Stable Floors, Water-Tight Cellars.
Wm. Shepley, Newport Ag't.,
7 OAK STREET.

DON'T FORGET
Others are daily making appointments and sitting for Christmas photos and you may delay until it is impossible for us to give you an
APPOINTMENT.
Make yours today, even if you cannot sit until later. There are but three weeks before Christmas. Different styles from last year are offered.
—AT—
THE "REMBRANDT" STUDIO,
OVER HART'S BOOK STORE.
Telephone 121-2.

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 306 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 63 Broadway. Telephone Connection.

School Children
Have headaches, dizzy spells, the reading matter on the pages of a book look blurred and indistinct; they can't eat well, sleep well, and feel generally run down. Study and lack of the vigorous exercise of vacation time has caused indigestion; their food doesn't nourish them as it should. This is a very common ailment, and for its cure there is a simple, safe and sure remedy.
BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.
SEMIT TABLETS
taken two or three times a day for a week will correct the digestive organs, regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, and put new life into the boy or girl. Semit Tablets are a true and tried digestant, a nerve and brain builder, a concentrant and certain tonic.
All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.
Refuse Substitutes. Get Semit

THE TRADES.

Removal!
LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO
32 MILL STREET.
Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.

P. J. MURPHY,
Practical Plumber,
OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS
161 & 165 Spring Street.

M. A. McCORMICK,
Carpenter and Builder.
ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Office and Residence, 51 Dearborn St, Telephone.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, WINDOW FRAMES, ETC
WEST BROADWAY.

FLAG STONE. J. B. COTTRELL.
Warner St., Opp. Island Cemetery.
Stone Posts, Coping and Flag Stone, OF ANY VARIETY.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
Contractor and Builder.
Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Charles H. Burdick & Sons,
CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Shop, Rear 33 Howard Street.
Office 48 Howard Street.
P. O. Box 126. Telephone.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,
House Painters and Decorators,
14 WEAVER AVENUE.

W. H. COFFIN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Opp. P. O.
RESIDENCE 28 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

U. G. NASON,
Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work. Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.
12 WEST BROADWAY.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

STODDARD & GLADDING,
Cottage Architects and Builders.
Plans for interior and exterior alterations. Wood mantels of all descriptions. Hardwood floors laid and waxed.
Sole agents for Berger's Classified Metal Ceilings.
SHOP, REAR 34 POPLAR STREET.

MICHAEL KIRBY,
Contractor and Builder,
Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.
ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.
GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Property Owners
NOTICE!
Leaking roofs repaired and coated with asphalt and rubber roof coating and guaranteed for 5 years. Estimates cheerfully given on all kinds of roofing.
Orders received at 26 Bellevue avenue or Prison street.
The Vulcanized Roofing Co.
J. A. DAVIS, GEO. O'BRIEN, Roofers, Newport.

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Solicit Consignments of Freight, Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.
BRANCH OFFICE, 272 Thames St.
DOUBLE RATES FOR SUNDAY CALLS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Jenness Miller
$3.50 SHOE,
ENDORSED BY MRS. JENNESS MILLER AS THE FINEST SHOE MADE FOR WOMEN.
Made from specially tanned "Velvetta" kid with patent leather tips, stylish new dress shape in light and heavy soles. The new patent "Box" toe insert will hold its shape as long as the shoe lasts.
NORMAN,
160 THAMES STREET
NEWPORT AGENT.

Boots, Shoes,
RUBBERS,
SLIPPERS.
FULL STOCK AT
The T. Mumford Seabury Co's

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,
186 THAMES STREET,
is still here, doing business on the good old principle of fair, worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.
M. S. HOLM.
Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines, Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

—AT—
J. W. Horton & Co's.
You will find a fine line of
Desks, Chairs, Tables, Rockers, Cabinets, Bookcases, Mirrors, Portieres
And many other articles suitable for gifts.
Please call and look over our stock before making your purchases.
42 CHURCH STREET.

Household Stoves
—AND—
Ranges
Are the handsomest, best-working, and most durable. Ranges from $12 to $45. A large and excellent line of heaters, from $2.50 to $25. Also a very good assortment of second-hand stoves from $5 to $12.
Dinner sets from $7.50 to $12, and a full line of housefurnishing goods generally.
JAMES F. MARDEN,
3 Cottrell Block, 328 Thames Street.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
Funeral Director
—AND—
EMBALMER.
Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.
Office 16 Franklin St. Telephone
Residence 1 School St. at office and residence.

Second-hand Carriages for Sale.
FLUDDER BROTHERS, 15 Beach St

$1.95 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT
3,000 CELEBRATED "KATAHDIN CARLOT" double seat and double knee. Regular $3.50 Boys' 2-piece Knee-Pant Suits going at $1.95.
A NEW SUIT FREE for any of these suits which don't give satisfactory wear.
Send No Money. Cut this Ad. out and send to us, stating age of boy and say whether large or small for age, and we will send you the suit by express C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special offer price, $1.95 and express charges.
THESE KNEE-PANT SUITS are for boys from 4 to 15 years of age, and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with double seat and knees, latest 1899 style as illustrated, made from a special extra-durable, heavy weight, ALL-WOOL Oxford cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, fine serge lining, Clayton patent interlining, padding, stayting and re-inforcing, silk and linen sewing, button-hole cut throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FIFTY OTHER STYLES of Boys' Clothing, Suits, Overcoats or Ulsters, for boys 4 TO 19 YEARS write for Sample Book No. 606, containing fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order. Men's Suits and Overcoats made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address,
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago.

THOMAS KITCHEN.
Coupes and Victorias
To let with careful drivers.
35 Friendship Street.
TELEPHONE

BLANCARD'S PILLS AND SYRUP
OF
IODIDE OF IRON
for ANÆMIA, POORNESS of the BLOOD, CONSTITUTIONAL WEAKNESS SCROFULA, Etc.
None genuine unless signed "BLANCARD"
ALL DRUGGISTS.
E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y. Agts. for U. S.

Everyone Should Know
THAT I SELL THE HARMLESS RUBBER-TIPPED ARROW, PISTOL AND TARGET, AND THAT THE TOTAL REVENUES OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1899, WERE
$610,982,004.35.
I HAVE BOYS' WATCHES FOR $1. GIVE THE BOY ONE. THE EXPENDITURES OF OUR GOVERNMENT FOR THE LAST FISCAL YEAR WERE
$700,093,564.02.
I WILL HANDLE THE SNELL LINE OF CYCLES FOR 1900.
311,175
EMIGRANTS CAME TO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR. I DO ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING, BRAZING, AND VULCANIZING AT LOWEST PRICES. WORK GUARANTEED. ENGINES AND BOILERS REPAIRED, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.
GEO. W. SMITH,
MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.
6 MARLBORO STREET.

AMERICAN CASH STAMP COMPANY
CASH STAMPS
PROV. 10 R.I.
CASH STAMPS
Will make a saving for you when paying cash for your purchases. Ask for them. When you fill your book it is worth five dollars at any of our banks. Cash Stamp Co., Butler Exchange, Providence.

MASSAGE.
Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 295 Spring street. Telephone 275-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,
Office, 19 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 15 Newport avenue.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. P. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Office, 207 Thames Street.

News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS,

Business Office, down stairs, 17-2

Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.

Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

Newport Daily News

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1899.

SUBSCRIBERS WHO FAIL TO RECEIVE THEIR PAPERS REGULARLY AND IN GOOD CONDITION SHOULD IMMEDIATELY MAKE COMPLAINT TO THE OFFICE OF PUBLICATION. CARRIERS ARE FORBIDDEN TO ROLL OR TWIST PAPERS AND THROW THEM UPON PREMISES, BUT ARE INSTRUCTED TO DEPOSIT THEM IN FAIR CONDITION ACCORDING TO THE WISHES OF SUBSCRIBERS. CARRIERS ARE ALSO FORBIDDEN TO HAVE OTHER BOYS WITH THEM ON THE ROUTES, WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE OFFICE, AND ARE NOT ALLOWED TO SELL PAPERS.

THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

The three Danish islands in the West Indies—St. Thomas, St. John and Santa Cruz—will soon come into the possession of the United States or some European power, other than Denmark, probably Germany. The President has become locally interested in these islands and has determined, it is understood, to recommend to Congress their purchase by the United States government. This course must be adopted, it is recognized in diplomatic circles, if awkward complications are to be avoided. Denmark is unable to longer retain her West Indian possessions because their maintenance is a constant drag upon her and their administration costs a great deal more than they are worth. Commercially they have practically no value to that country, and politically and strategically they have even less value, as she has no other foreign possessions. Under these circumstances Denmark finds it absolutely necessary to sell the property.

The United States must either purchase the islands or allow some other country to acquire them, and Germany has already signified her willingness to secure them, as furnishing an important base for military operations or naval supplies or colonies in the western Atlantic ocean. The growing importance of Germany's colonial trade and the desire of the kaiser to become one of the great sea powers as well as one of the great land powers makes him anxious to find new places in all the oceans where the double eagle of Germany can be planted. If Germany considered it prudent or politic she would undoubtedly snap the islands up without a moment's hesitation, if such a thing were possible.

The acquisition by Germany of islands in the West Indies would be a violation of the spirit of the Monroe doctrine, and it is not to be expected that the United States would submit to such a thing being done, but this country cannot afford to act the part of the dog in the manger, by declining to allow Denmark to sell the islands. Such action might force Denmark into financial embarrassment, which would make a serious break in the friendly relations between this country and Denmark.

The State Department has already notified Germany that any attempt on her part to acquire the islands would be regarded by this government with displeasure, and having done this the United States must without unnecessary delay decide whether it will purchase the islands or allow another nation to secure them. Congress, when the matter is brought to its attention by the President, must decide whether the United States shall purchase the islands, and whether the Monroe doctrine shall be sustained or violated. But Monroe doctrine or not, this government cannot compel Denmark to retain the islands when it is forced to sell them, nor can it stand as an obstacle to that sale after it has had the first opportunity to buy and does not propose to avail itself of its opportunity. The United States probably has no use for the islands, the government having undoubtedly all the West Indian possessions it desires.

FIGHTING THE SPANISH WAR OVER AGAIN.

Senator Mason of Illinois has a companion and friend in Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, who wants to fight the Spanish war over again. Just now Mr. Pettigrew desires to review the whole conduct of that war—a subject which pretty nearly every one is content to consider a closed incident. In some unaccountable way he got a resolution passed, directing the Secretary of War to forward to the Senate a full report of the commission, appointed by the President, to investigate that war. Some one ought to have stopped the proceedings at that time, but the characteristic good nature of the Senators allowed the resolution to pass.

It afterward occurred to the Senator from Connecticut that it might take up about all the session listening to the report, which would be a senseless waste of time. He has, accordingly, introduced a motion to reconsider. Senator Pettigrew then arose and wanted to know if it were a part of a studied government policy to suppress information about everything as it had kept back news from Manila. Was the resolution to be recalled because it indicated that the government had recognized the Philippine republic? Was this policy of the suppression of facts to be followed for the purpose of reelecting the present administration?

And it is in such distinguished company as the above, not to mention Senator Tillman, that Senator Hoar finds himself. Mr. Hoar's choice is no one's to guess but his own, but it is permitted to wonder how he likes his bedfellows.

A PIONEER CIVIL SERVICE REFORMER

Dorman B. Eaton, whose death in his seventy-seventh years is announced, was one of the pioneer advocates of civil service reform. He was a prominent corporation lawyer in New York when he first became interested in the reform, studying the civil service in several countries in Europe and returning to the United States with a determination to do what he could for the reform of the methods in vogue here. At his residence, in 1878, the first society for the promotion of civil service reform in the United States was organized. He also drafted the national civil service act of 1882. President Grant appointed Mr. Eaton a member of the civil service commission and he served in the same capacity under Presidents Arthur and Cleveland. At the request of President Hayes he visited Europe in 1877 to make a historical report on British civil service.

A recently published work, entitled "The Government of Municipalities," by Mr. Eaton, is considered an authority on the subject. Mr. Eaton was an associate with the late George William Curtis and Carl Schurz in their work for a reform in the civil service, and deserves with them a share in the praise due these men and their followers for whatever has been accomplished towards reform in the civil service and taking it out of the hands of the politicians.

Candidate Goebel is likely to again meet defeat, if he makes a contest before the Kentucky legislature for the governorship. Mr. Goebel has based his hopes in the contest on the fact that the legislature has a Democratic majority of, 32 on joint ballot, but it will be impossible to hold them together on a strictly partisan vote. In fact, it is now believed that the anti-Goebel forces will be able to organize both house and senate, if necessary, though they are likely to divide on party lines in this preliminary work. To offset the majority against him, Goebel has had contests instituted by 11 defeated candidates for representative and two candidates for senator. These, however, will probably avail nothing, and Mr. Goebel might as well give up the fight.

Very few of the many readers of The Youth's Companion knew the name of its publishers until the death of Daniel S. Ford in Boston told it to the world. He was quite a remarkable man, especially remarkable for the success with which he had kept his name from conspicuousness before the public in a long career of usefulness and credit. His business ventures had prospered and from his acquired wealth he gave largely to charitable objects.

The fund for the relief of General Henry W. Lawton's family is growing rapidly, and up to noon on Christmas day amounted to $14,329.55, and the committee thinks it is not improbable that the contributions will eventually reach $50,000. It will be kept open until after New Year's. This is certainly a worthy object, for if any man ever deserved well of his country, General Lawton did.

The Massachusetts state factory inspectors have issued orders to the mills in Fall River which have been running their plants during the night time, that they are violating the law prohibiting mills from running overtime, and that the practice must stop under penalty of legal proceedings. This settles a little difficulty which was threatening to disturb the otherwise pleasant situation among the mills in that city.

Southern California had another shock yesterday, and considerable damage was done by the quakings of the earth at San Jacinto and other places.

The dead of the Maine have arrived in this country and will be interred beside the Santiago dead in the national cemetery at Arlington.

Fall River had a $7,000 fire as one of its Christmas presents.

It was a pleasant Christmas, both indoors and out.

NEW YORK TRADE IN WILD ANIMALS.

With the approach of cold weather all wild animals move into their winter quarters, and following the custom of their class the animals held in captivity in museums and sciences take up their abode in warm, steam-heated cages prepared for them. During the summer months many of them have been traveling about the country on exhibition, and others have been browsing in the numerous parks and private summer menageries just outside of large cities. The demand for wild animals for small parks in summer is quite general, and dealers in wild creatures make quite a fair profit in renting them out during the dull season. But as winter approaches, most of the animals return to the cities for exhibition in their regular quarters, where an eager public is always willing to pay a small fee to gaze at them.

The trade in wild animals has been unusually brisk for several years now, and the importations have steadily increased. In spite of this, however, prices instead of advancing for most of the animals have fallen; the reason for this is attributed to the fact that expeditions for capturing wild animals in their natural homes are more numerous than ever before, and they are better equipped for their work than in the past. Consequently more wild animals of nearly every description come to the civilized countries in captivity than in the days of Nero, when imperial Rome boasted of thousands of wild animals caged in its confines. While it is generally reported that many of our wild beasts are rapidly being exterminated, it is nevertheless true that they will never become extinct so long as their kind can be bred in captivity. This is now an accomplished fact with nearly all birds and animals.

This success of breeding in captivity is noticeable among lions in particular, and from present indications there is little danger of these felines becoming extinct. The importation of lions has almost ceased because it is cheaper and easier to breed them in captivity. Formerly an importer of fine lions could calculate upon getting $5,000 for a good specimen, but today young lions bred in captivity are almost a drug in the market. The only demand for imported lions is to keep up the stock of the breeding ones, or for very large, powerful creatures, for it is noticeable that the tendency in cage-breeding is for the animals to degenerate in size and ferocity. Tigers do not take so kindly to cage life as the lions, and do not breed so satisfactorily in captivity, and considerable numbers are imported every year. Elephants do not breed well in captivity, not more than two or three ever having been bred in this country, but the importation of these animals is so large that the prices obtained for them have dropped from $10,000 to $1,500 and $2,500 each.

Numerous as monkeys are in this country, they are not bred here, as they do not breed well in captivity. They are so easily obtained in the country south of us, however, that prices obtained for them are merely nominal, and there is little danger of their immediate extinction. In their native countries they multiply so rapidly that the supply always keeps well up to the demand. Among the highest priced animals of today are the rhinoceros. These are quite scarce, and they do not breed in captivity. There are probably not more than half a dozen in number in this country; all were bought years ago at good round sums. Thus the full grown one in Central Park cost the department $7,000, and a similar sum was paid for the fine African specimen in the Philadelphia Zoo. The most recent purchase of a rhinoceros was the full grown one for Barnum's circus, which cost the proprietors $7,250.

The hippopotamus is another extremely rare and expensive creature, and sales of these African products are so few that it is difficult to quote a price for them. It is seldom that dealers have a good specimen to sell, and few private circuses could afford to give the prices that would be demanded. The hippopotamus born in Central Park is the only instance of these animals breeding in this country. Had this baby hippopotamus belonged to a private show, it would have made a fortune for its owners.

Snakes and birds form a large part of the animal importer's business. These creatures come in great numbers from India, Africa and South America. The public is peculiarly fascinated by snakes, and they are among the most popular creatures exhibited. The best specimens of reptiles come from India, and a snake 20 feet or more in length is worth considerable money. In a cage it is the size of the snake more than its venomous qualities that attract, and a large boa constrictor or python is worth more than a rattlesnake of smaller size.

Exporting wild animals was formerly quite an extensive feature of the trade in these creatures, but owing to the scarcity of our large animals this feature of the business has fallen off. A young American bison can now be exported and sold for $1,000, and American elk, moose and caribou have good market demands in Europe. Our Florida diamond-back rattlesnake and the alligator have a fair market demand abroad, and good specimens are occasionally shipped to foreign dealers to fill orders.—[G. E. W., in Scientific American.

CARE OF THE HANDS.

"I have never," said a pretty matron, whose hands have long been the admiration and envy of her friends, "been to a manicure in my life. For my own use my stock in trade consists of two buffers—an unnecessary extravagance I allow myself—a celluloid nail cleaner, carefully selected as regards its cleansing capabilities, one pair of bowed scissors for cutting the nails, a box of emery boards, a box of rosaline and a box of nail enamel. That is sufficient for the best results, and is certainly simple.

"Never dry your hands after washing them in hot water without first cooling them off under the cold water faucet. There is a theory that this whitens them; it certainly hardens them to exposure. If addicted to chapped hands, bathe them at night in lukewarm water, then rub in a mixture of rose water and glycerine. Avoid the ordinary concoctions for beautifying the hands. Do not oil your hands and then put on gloves for the night; this only increases the tendency to chap.

"Never use a steel file on the nails. It thickens them and makes them coarse. Soak the tips of your fingers in hot water till the nail is pliable—this prevents breaking. With the bowed scissors cut carefully in the shape of an almond—do not point them; then, with the fine side of the emery board, file off any rough edges. With a celluloid or ivory nail cleaner remove any discoloration, and then spread thoroughly over each nail and well down into the quick a thin layer of the rosaline. Dip the nail in the powder and polish. Never cut the cuticle, but carefully loosen it from the quick with the nail cleaner. This should be done every morning after the bath. With warm water and a brush remove the red paste entirely and then give a final polish.

"If there are hangnails it is better to tear them off, not roughly, and though the finger may be sore for a day or two, it is preferable to cutting, which only increases the growth."—[New York Herald.

TWO MILLION GIFT FOR GIRLS.

P. A. B. Widener's gift to Philadelphia of an industrial home for crippled children is to be duplicated in a measure by an industrial school for girls, to be presented to the city by James M. Munyon. The institution will be built on the rolling land between the Old Lancaster road and George's hill, Fairmount Park, near the "Towers," Mr. Munyon's home. In scope, the school will do for fatherless girls of Philadelphia what Girard College is doing for boys. It will cost $2,000,000.

For many years Mr. Munyon has had in mind the establishment of such an educational institution. With that end in view he has bought, during recent years, a large plot of elevated ground overlooking the city and containing nearly 30 acres. Upon this site he will erect a college unique in character and long deemed a desired addition to the charities of Philadelphia.

The school will consist of a number of small structures grouped about a large central edifice. Plans have been drawn by prominent architects, but one has not yet been selected by the founder.

The aim of the school will be to furnish educational facilities to poor girls of the city, either orphans or fatherless. Girls who at this time are put out at service among strangers will be received at the school and there receive a thorough English training until they reach a certain age, when they will be started along particular lines of education for which they show fitness. Higher education is not the object of the school. Practical training, which will make the students of immediate value to themselves and to the world as wage-earners, will take the place of theoretical instruction.

Mr. Munyon said: "It is my intention to provide expert instructors in those branches of industry which will bring the students immediate returns when they pass out into the world. Latin and Greek, chemistry and physics will not be taught. In their stead will be courses in stenography, dressmaking, domestic economy—in short, any branch of work which will be of monetary value to the girl in after years. Girls will be taken into the school at the age of 10 years, and will be graduated, at the age of 18, independent women, able to make their way in the world. Art and music will be taught girls who show an aptitude for those branches."

The Munyon school, like Girard College, will be placed in charge of a board of trustees, of which the governor of the state will probably be the nominal head. Mr. Munyon will endow the school with funds sufficient to keep it a self-sustaining institution. It will be non-sectarian.—[Philadelphia Press.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE BEDROOM AND BEDSTEAD.

Perhaps the last article which the late Lawson Tait contributed to medical literature was "Hygiene of the Bedroom and Bedstead," which appeared in several British and American journals. It treats of the evolution of the bedroom and of that now necessary article of furniture, the bedstead, in Great Britain. It tells us, says the Medical Record, that in the days of the cave dwellers and through the various stages of savagery and nomadic life, dwelling space was used for all purposes in common. It was not until the wandering hunter had, so to speak, settled down that he saw the advantage of putting aside a portion of his dwelling for sleeping purposes. The Briton in the time of the Norman era had a very fair notion of what constitutes a comfortable bedroom and bedstead, although his castle might be outwardly grim and forbidding. The walls of the castle were thick and solid, thus securing a fair uniformity of temperature, while the downdrafts of cold air were modified by hangings of tapestry. For their bedsteads there was no need of hangings.

The Saxon farmer, however, had to live under very different conditions. His house was of wood, and carpentry at that time was at very low ebb, so that the doors and windows were ill-fitting, and drafts were the rule. This resulted in the evolution of that abomination of abominations, the four-poster bed, and as Dr. Tait preferred to put it: "A small apartment was constructed inside the bedroom in the shape of a four-poster hung round with curtains, into which a whole family must have crowded, possibly with the addition of occasional visitors." The conservative Britisher clung to his time-honored four-poster until the fifties, when occurred the dawn of domestic sanitation. The first step in the right direction was the introduction of the metallic bedstead.

For Wants, Lests, Tenements, etc., see page 7.

L. COMPTON PROBATE NOTICES.

Clerk's office of the Court of Probate of the Town of Little Compton, this 20th day of December, 1899.

Isaac W. Howland, of said Little Compton, has this day filed in this office his petition in writing to said Court to be held on the 8th day of January next, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at the Probate Court Room, praying that his final Account of Administration on the Estate of

SARAH LILLA BROWN

may be allowed and he be discharged, and has requested me to give notice thereof.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested therein then and there to appear and be heard.

F. R. BROWNELL, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the Town of Little Compton, in the State of Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1899.

On the petition of George H. Brownell, in writing, praying that his final Account of Administration on the estate of

LORING PALMER

may be allowed and he be discharged.

It is ordered that the consideration thereof be referred to Monday, the 8th day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Probate Court Room, in the Town Hall, in said Little Compton, and that notice thereof be given by advertisement, once a week for fourteen days, in the Newport Daily News.

F. R. BROWNELL, Probate Clerk.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

Begs to announce that

No. 2804

Takes the chest of silver.

We offer the usual line of

Candies and Confectionery

at prices to suit all.

The goods are fresh and made on the premises, of none but the best of materials.

Our 25c. Chocolates

STILL TAKE THE LEAD.

Broken Candy 2 lbs for 25c.

We have also on hand a large variety of plain and fancy boxes.

For Sunday Schools we make a very liberal reduction on our Candies and Ice Cream.

CHAS. F. FRASCH,

Established 1865. 170 THAMES ST.

For Rent Unfurnished Or For Sale.

The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to

R. C. DERBY,

128 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

$15

There are now at The Oasis Kennels some prettily marked Angora kittens from $15 up; thoroughbred prize-winning cats, Persian, Angora, Abyssinian.

27 RHODE ISLAND AVENUE.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

M. Hessel, Decorative Embroidery.

Stamped Goods, Worsteds, Beads, Silks, Yarns, Fancy Goods, Baskets, Toys, etc. Designing, Stamping, Machine Stitching Done.

169 BELLEVUE AVE. Open all winter

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26, 8 A. M.—For New England—Fair; continued cold tonight and Wednesday, and probably Thursday; colder tonight in northern and eastern Maine; winds mostly fresh, westerly to northerly.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Dec 26, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Fair and continued cold tonight and Wednesday; west winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The weather of the country today is fair and generally clear, except cloudiness at scattered stations, mostly in the Missouri valley and northwestern states. The precipitation of the past 24 hours has been light and scattered, and composed of light snows in eastern Maine, parts of the lake region, and in the immediate vicinity of the Missouri river from Missouri to Montana. The pressure is moderately high except in the Southwest and Northeast, but there is no defined storm centre except over Nova Scotia, where a storm of moderate energy is moving eastward. The temperature has fallen in the lake region and eastward to the New England coast, with zero temperatures in the upper lake region and upper Mississippi valley. This morning in New England the coldest reported ranged from zero in northern parts of Vermont and New Hampshire to between 20 and 24 degrees on the southern coast and 30 degrees in eastern Maine.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Dec. 26.	5 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature.	23	30	31
Barometer.	29.60	29.65	30.07
Wind.	NW	NW	NW
Weather.	Cloudy	Fair	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 12 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 18 m
Moon rises ..... 0 h 59 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 06 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 02 m
High water ..... 2 h 14 m; 14 h 29 m

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 13 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 19 m
Moon rises ..... 2 h 02 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 06 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 02 m
High water ..... 3 h 03 m; 15 h 25 m

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 13 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 19 m
Moon rises ..... 3 h 07 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 06 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 03 m
High water ..... 4 h 41 m; 17 h 12 m

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 13 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 20 m
Moon rises ..... 4 h 12 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 07 m
Day's increase ..... 0 h 03 m
High water ..... 4 h 41 m; 17 h 12 m

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, January 1, 8 h 52 m, E.
First Quarter, January 8, 9 h 40 m, W.
Full Moon, January 16, 14 h 08 m, E.
Last Quarter, January 23, 18 h 53 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Cash Stamps; 3d page.
Mueller—Glasses; 5th page.
Wanted—Woman; 7th page.
Wanted—Tinsmith; 7th page.
J. A. Eddy—Coffee; 7th page.
Furniture at Auction; 8th page.
Lappin—Underwear Sale; 8th page.
Wanted—Room and Board; 7th page.
Kennedy's Favorite Remedy; 3d page.
To Let—Upper Tenement; 7th page.
H. A. Heath & Co.—Opticians; 3d page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Serge Suits; 1st page.
Walsh Bros.—Heating Stoves; 5th page.
Whitfield Tuck—Reduction Sale; 5th page.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.—No. 2804; 4th page
A. C. Titus Co.—Baby Tenders; 5th page.
G. H. Kirby—Reduction in Prices; 8th page.
Are You Getting Best Quality Coal? 8th page.
Aquidneck National Bank—Dividend; 7th page.
Little Compton Pro. Court—Brown Estate; 4th p.
Little Compton Pro. Court—Palmer Est.; 4th p.
Opera House—"The Sidewalks of New York;" 5th

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa, stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,

1 TRAVERS BLOCK, CORNER BELLEVUE AVENUE AND BATH ROAD.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,

Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms Gas and Electric Lighting.

Philip F. Conroy,

TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

For Sale. $6,500.

Dwelling and estate situated corner of Mary and Clarke streets, owned by estate of Anna Pell.

A desirable residence within easy reach of business portion of city.

PARTICULARS OF
HENRY BULL, JR.,
Real Estate, 197 Thames Street.

Novelties in French-German Favors, Fancy Baskets,

Genuine Home-Made Candy,
Bon-Bon, Chocolates a Specialty.
Old Fashioned English Broken Candy.

A. FENTON'S,

128 BELLEVUE AVENUE

A. W. LUTHER,

Jamestown Real Estate Agency

Office at Jamestown on Ferry Wharf.

26 years' experience in Jamestown Real Estate.

SOLE AGENT FOR MANY OF THE FINEST BUILDING SITES IN JAMESTOWN.

EDWIN T. BANNING

Architect,

209 Thames Street.

ROOM 36.

BORN.

FRANKO—25d inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Franko.

DIED.

WILCOX—In this city, 25th inst., John R. Wilcox, in the 69th year of his age.
Funeral services at the residence of his son, 4 Pond avenue, Wednesday, Dec. 27, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.
Burial private.

HAYES—In Fall River, 23d inst., Margaret, wife of Thomas Hayes, aged 71 years.

REYNOLDS—In Fall River, 23d inst., Bridget A., wife of John Reynolds, and daughter of Mary and the late Bernard Curran, aged 23 years.

MURPHY—In Fall River, 23d inst., Catherine, widow of Patrick Murphy and daughter of Catherine and the late Patrick Driscoll, aged 25 years.

ALDRICH—In Providence, 24th inst., Charles P. Aldrich, in his 77th year.

DODDS—In Providence, 24th inst., Sarah, widow of John Dodds, in her 80th year.

BRENNAN—In Providence, 25th inst., Catherine Brennan, in her 79th year.

DUTEMPLE—In Providence, 23d inst., William Dutemple, in his 75th year.

AGYS—In New York city, 23d inst., Margerita, fourth daughter of Daniel A. and Rosa Agys, aged 6 years and 9 months.

Boston papers please copy.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

Thames St. Property For Sale.

A large four-tenement house, yielding upwards of $400 per annum, in an excellent situation. Price $5,000. This house stands on a corner lot and there is ample room for another house to be built at rear.

Full particulars on application to Mr. Taylor.

Telephone No. 320.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 101 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 615 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

"Take time by the forelock." If your blood is out of order, begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla at once and prevent serious illness.

Desirable Building Lot.

We have a desirable building lot on John street to sell. For dimensions and price please call at office.

FOR RENT.

Cottage on Livingston place, six rooms and closet, $23.

Building sites in all sections of the city from $350 up.

FOR SALE.

Cottage and land, $900; two-tenement house and stable, $2,200; three-tenement house, rental value $240, price $2,200; four-tenement house on Marsh and Washington streets, $2,600.

Connected by telephone.

SIMEON HAZARD, 94 BROADWAY.

H. L. Marsh. Howard R. Peckham.

Hay, Grain, Straw, Salt

H. L. Marsh & Co.,

Office at Elevator, near Pass. Station

Branch Store, 162 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

Good Sound Horse for Sale.

Apply to Robert Kerr, corner Second and Chestnut streets.

FOR SALE.

3 Edison Kinetoscopes,

In good order. Will sell one separate or three together at a bargain. For prices and particulars address Kinto, Box 15, Daily News Office.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the United Congregational Church in Newport, Rhode Island, (the Corporation) at the Lecture Room of said church on Pelham street, on Tuesday, the second day of January A. D. 1900, at 8 o'clock in the evening for the purpose, first, of seeing whether the Corporation will authorize the hiring of money from the Savings Bank of Newport, and the giving of its corporate note therefor and the execution and delivery of a mortgage as security for the same on its estate on the corner of Bull street and Mt. Vernon court, in said Newport. Second, for the adoption of by-laws, and any other business that may legally come before the meeting. Attest:

SAMUEL McADAM, Moderator.

GEO. A. PRITCHARD, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

Learn Shorthand

At the NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE. Facilities unsurpassed. Students are making splendid records. Opportunities for shorthand writers were never so good as now. Students received by month or year. Apply for terms.

A. M. STEED,
4 Washington Square.

MISS OPITZ,

Of Dresden and New York, offers her services as

Instructress in Piano and German

Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,

PRIVATE TUTOR.

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

New Table Raisins,
New Citron,
Plum Pudding.

PELEG BRYER,
BROADWAY AND SPRING STREET.

Bliss Road,
Broadway,
Brooks Avenue,
Whitwell Avenue

LOTS ON EASY TERMS.

PECKHAM, WARNER & STRONG,

Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New York.

DOOR NOT FASTENED.

Testimony Taken by Coroner Stanhope at the Anderson Inquest.

Coroner Stanhope this afternoon began the inquest into the cause of the death of Robert and John Anderson, children of John Anderson, who were burned to death in a hen house on Vernon avenue October 21.

The first witness called was Herbert C. Tilley, Jr., aged 7. He said he was in his home playing with a rope. Mr. Underwood came around. Saw hen house on fire. The two Anderson boys and witness's brother and sister were in the hen house. Went to the hen house with his mother after the fire was out. The little fellow seemed considerably affected while testifying.

John Caswell resides on Vernon avenue. Was at home when he was told Mr. Tilley's hen house was on fire, with two children. Ran out; Mr. Chase was there. Saw children in the house, and threw the house over. The hen house was south of Mr. Tilley's house. This was about 8:30 in the morning. The door was ajar.

Miss Ethel Caswell, aged 12, granddaughter of the previous witness, said she saw the hen house on fire, from her bedroom window. Ran down stairs and went over with her grandfather. The house was on fire. Talked with Bertie Tilley since. Said he went over to Anderson's with his brother and sister and told them they could play in the hen house. Mr. Anderson, father of the dead children, wanted to know what young Tilley told her going to school.

John Anderson was next called. He reached the place about half an hour after the death. He said when he reached home, October 24, from the cemetery, he met the Caswell girl and Bert Tilley. Latter ran away. Ethel told his boy about the fire; that the four children were in the hen house, got some matches, then took out his brother and sister, closed the door with a stick and set fire to the hen house. That was the story told to his boy by the Caswell girl. This story caused him to ask for an inquest.

H. C. Tilley asked if he could ask some questions. Being told yes, he asked, if his two children had been taken out of the hen house, how they got their eyebrows singed.

The Caswell girl was re-called, and said she did not know anything about the story told by Anderson.

Annie Caswell, mother of the girl, who resides in the next house to Mr. Tilley, was called. One of the children said the hen house was on fire. Saw people running, and some crying. Found men trying to turn over the hen house. She assisted.

William Caswell, aged 15 years, was next called. Ran over to the fire. Mr. Underwood was there, and said there were two children in the house. Ran back and told his grandfather. When he went back they had the children out.

Mrs. Nevada Tilley, mother of the Tilley children, said Alice Littlejohn had just come in from hanging clothes when she saw smoke from the hen house. There was some excelsior there; it lasted scarcely five minutes. Mr. Underwood came up and said there were children in there. The house was turned over; saw the children taken out. Did not know whether they were hers or not. Had not seen any strange children in the yard. Two of her children had been there; one had its hair and eyebrows singed. The house was not fastened. It had a hasp but no staple.

Herbert C. Tilley, father of the Tilley children, was called. Owned the hen house. There was nothing on the house to fasten it with.

William Pendergast testified. He was passing to Vanicek's when he saw smoke, and drove to the scene. Saw two men moving the house. Heard that there were two children. When the house was tipped over he saw the boys taken out. One appeared to be alive. Telephoned to the Police Station. When he had done this the two boys appeared to be dead.

EXCITING AND AMUSING.

To people who like exciting and amusing comedy drama "The Sidewalks of New York," which will be seen at the Opera House Friday evening, will no doubt be a highly acceptable entertainment. The plot is enhanced by being laid in picturesque localities. It depicts the machinations of two villains to throw the guilt of a defalcation upon an innocent youth, which involve robbery, murder and other crimes. The first and second acts occur in New York. The scene of the third act is laid in Brooklyn, showing an old distillery and shot tower on the dock, and producing the most exciting incident of the drama, a dive from the top of the shot tower into the water. The fourth act illustrates the Italian quarter of New York, called "Little Italy," with its curious characteristics. It is here that the final denouement is brought about by the two comedy characters of the cast, whose efforts as amateur detectives furnish uproarious laughter. There are many strong and sudden contrasts of the ridiculous and the thrilling throughout the piece. Mr. Thomas H. Davis has set the drama in a realistic manner.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News]

Mr. George Gardner gave a dance at the Gardner House last night.

Mrs. Annie R. Stewart, who has been visiting Mrs. A. L. Champlin, will leave for New York tonight.

Messrs. Giles Gardner and Richard Watson of Providence spent Christmas here.

Mr. F. H. Clarke of Boston is spending his vacation with Mrs. Susan C. Clarke.

The Jamestown fire department has arranged for a supper for this evening.

Messrs. William Patterson and James Cooke of Providence are at Mr. Thomas Dawson's, where they were summoned by the sudden illness of Mr. Dawson.

Mr. James Canada is confined to his home by illness.

The oil engine at the Beavertail light is once more in commission.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Worden and their daughters, Miss Cornelia, Miss Elsie and Miss Phebe Worden, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Burdick. Mr. and Mrs. Burdick entertained a small party last evening.

St. Matthew's Church will have its Christmas tree entertainment in Watson & Gardner's hall this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Anthony have returned from Portsmouth, where they have been guests of Mr. Henry Anthony.

The funeral of Mrs. Julia Caswell took place at her home on Union street Sunday. There was a large gathering of friends of the deceased. Rev. W. D. Mackinnon of the Central Baptist Church conducted the services. The interment was in the Caswell lot in the Island cemetery at Newport. The bearers were Messrs. Charles T. Knowles, Henry Tucker, N. S. Littlefield and Henry Knowles. Among those present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. William Hopkins of Providence, Mr. Philip Caswell and Mr. Stephen Bates of Newport and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Caswell of New York.

Mrs. Pym and Miss Lucy Gardner are in Providence.

There are a number of cases of the measles here.

MRS. OELRICHS'S CHRISTMAS TREE.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs gave yesterday afternoon at her residence in New York, her annual Christmas tree for the young friends of her little boy, Hermann Oelrichs, Jr., now about 10 years old. The children invited numbered nearly 100, and ranged in age from 12 years down to two or three. By 3:30 the ballroom of the Oelrichs residence, in one corner of which a large tree was placed, laden with gifts, was filled with happy little faces. The children were first entertained by a quartet of singers, and then by a sleight-of-hand man, and afterward were allowed to choose their presents from the tree. Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, and other women, intimate friends of Mrs. Oelrichs, and Mr. Hermann Oelrichs, Mr. Charles M. Oelrichs, and a few other men superintended the distribution of the gifts. There was music by an orchestra, and the children also enjoyed a collation. Some of the young girls who will come out next winter, notably Miss Gwendoline Burden and Miss Natica Rives, and a number of their friends of the same age, were also present, as was Miss Lily Oelrichs, who is to make her New York debut this winter. The entire entertainment was arranged and managed very skillfully, and Master Oelrichs's little guests departed laden with gifts and delighted with the afternoon's enjoyment.

A VANDERBILT CHRISTENING.

The christening of little Grace Wilson, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, who is three months old, took place yesterday afternoon in the Ogden Goelet residence, in New York, occupied this winter by Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt and their family. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. John Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas's Church, in the presence of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson, R. T. Wilson, Jr., and a few intimate friends of the family. The baby's christening robe was of white satin, covered with point lace and ornamented with pearls. She was brought in in the arms of her nurse, lying on a pillow of white satin covered with lace. The child was given her mother's name. Her little brother, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., who is not yet quite two years old, was present and took great interest in the proceedings.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. W. F. Davis, formerly of the Golf Club, is in town.

—Mr. Frank H. Child has returned from a three weeks' visit to New York.

—Mr. William Gosling and Mr. Lewis Brown, Jr., spent Christmas in town.

—Mr. George Oakley of Providence is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. James T. Barker.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Green returned to their residence in New York this afternoon.

—The City Council will hold its last regular session for the year 1899 this evening.

—Mrs. Alex Van Vredenburgh of Pawtucket is visiting her sister, Mrs. Richmond B. Underwood, on John street.

—The football championship was not settled by the game Christmas day, for neither side scored, the result being a draw.

—David McCarty, Mrs. Borlan and H. T. Grant of New York and J. S. Rose, U. S. N., are registered at the Perry House.

—Dr. Hayden entertained a large party at his cottage on Beach street Christmas eve. The guests were treated to the attractions of a Christmas tree.

—There was a shoot Monday at the Gun Club grounds in Middletown, in which six or seven local shots participated, each shooting at a string of 50 birds in a fairly strong wind. Ben Williams took first prize, with a score of 32 broken birds.

—In the district court this morning John Coffey of Tiverton was sentenced to 30 days in the Providence County jail for larceny of brass from the new railroad bridge. Dennis F. Sullivan was fined $5 each on two charges for assault on Cornelius Harington and Edward Brady.

—The flag of Rhode Island Lodge, No. 12, I. O. O. F., is at half-staff today, for one of the old-time members of the lodge, the late John R. Wilcox, whose death had been anticipated for some days. The deceased was the father of Police Officer W. H. Wilcox and of Miss Margie C. Wilcox, one of the public school teachers.

—There was a fire at the Torpedo Station Sunday night. It was one of those very transitory fires that one has to see early if it is to be seen at all. It was to the south of the laboratory, and was in some ether which had escaped from the drums in which it was kept. The drums were rolled to one side and the fire was over.

—Mr. Charles A. James of this city was married last week in North Germantown, N. Y., to Miss Anna Lichtenhaus, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Lichtenhaus of that city. The ceremony took place at the bride's home and was performed by Rev. Mr. McClutchen of the Methodist Episcopal Church. After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. James left for Albany and will go to Niagara and Buffalo before coming to Newport, where they will reside at 65 Second street.

AMERICA'S CROOKEDEST RIVER.

Notable Feature of the White River of Arkansas and Missouri.

From its four heads in the Boston mountains to Batesville, where it leaves the Ozarks and enters the Arkansas lowlands, White river is a succession of astonishing curves. No other river on the continent so nearly and so frequently doubles upon itself. From the source to the flat country is a distance on a straight line of perhaps 150 miles. White river between these points has a course of over 600 miles: some estimates make it 1,000 miles.

The beginning is near the Indian territory border on the eastern part of Arkansas. The water runs toward all points of the compass in quick succession many times before it adopts a comparatively direct course to the Mississippi. From the Boston mountains the general course with many a bend and curve is northward and northeastward into Missouri. Probably the highest point in this direction is Forsyth, near the centre of Taney county. From this place the White wriggles its way back into Arkansas and down through Marion county, to where the Buffalo joins it. But not until the Missouri-Arkansas border has been crossed seven times does the uncertain stream finally bear away to the southeastward to stay.

Adding to the marvels of White river's eccentric meanderings are the walls of rock which tower from 200 to 500 feet often from the water's edge. A birds'-eye view from above would show the river deep set in a canyon of continuous and often sharp curvatures. A mile of river in a straight line is unusual. The canyon-like valley of the White narrows in places almost to the channel's width. Over most of the course it is wide enough for a strip of fertile bottom land along the river. The water wanders from one side of the valley to the other. It washes the base of the towering palisades first on the right and then on the left. It maintains close relationship with bluff for half a dozen miles. Then it suddenly crosses through the bottom lands and hugs the opposite frowning mass.

On a bright day a stretch of the winding river seen from the summit of the palisades shimmers like well-polished silver. "White" aptly describes the appearance. A near-by view from the banks reveals a degree of purity which is not equaled by any other Western river. The contrast of comparison with the country is striking. White river has its origin in mountain springs. Numberless underground channels in the limestone strata help to swell the volume. Tributaries vary from tiny rivulets starting high up on the benches of the mountains to powerful streams which gush forth with a roar from beneath shelves of overhanging rock. Twenty miles below Forsyth, beside the White, is McGill spring, which pours out from the face of the cliff a body of water strong enough to run a large mill. It is a type of hundreds, while the smaller and unnamed springs can only be enumerated by tens of thousands. The Buffalo, the Crooked and the North Fork in like manner grow from the springs along their courses, and add to the White their contributions of the same clear sparkling water.

Only when heavy rainfall occurs in the watersheds of the White does the water lose its distinctive character. Even then, while the rocky surface sends to the river a considerable portion of the rainfall stained by the vegetation and the soil, the greater part sinks into underground reservoirs and courses, and, slowly filtering and settling, reaches the river through the springs, which defy the longest drouth periods. White river booms for a few days with a mighty flow after protracted rains. A 40-foot rise is not extraordinary in the contracted parts of the valley. The water assumes a dirty whitish look. But the flood subsides quickly, the current clarifies even more rapidly, and the river runs steadily during the dry season. It is not want of water which causes the unnavigable stage. It is the character of the channel, a series of long levels and of short rapids. If the current was evenly distributed there would be depth enough for the light-draught stern-wheelers all the year.

Many years ago Forsyth was reached by steamboats on White river. The bold navigators pushed their sternwheelers to the foot of the rapids. Then they sent the roustabouts clambering over rocks and through the trees, dragging the towline its full length. The upper end was strongly fastened to stand the strain. The boat end of the hawser was wound around the capstan. With the paddle wheels driven by every pound of pressure available, and with the donkey engine winding in the towline, the boat dragged and pushed itself up foot foot through the foaming rapids. After the passage was made a long reach of smooth, deep water made easy progress for perhaps 20, perhaps 50 miles. In this way Forsyth was reached. And when the boat, "loaded to the guards" with lead, cotton, hogs and the various products of the White river country, turned prow down stream, there was little to do but to trust to providence, and the nerve of the man behind the pilot wheel. The current did the rest.

One day in a spirit of daring, Captain Bateman said he was going to take the Mary C. to Forsyth if it was her last trip. He made McBee's and the other landings above Buffalo City, and triumphantly awoke the echoes of the heights of Pine mountain as the boat came in sight of Forsyth. But pride went before the first fall that could happen to a steamboatman. In trying to turn the Mary C. to head downstream the captain failed to gauge the width of the channel. He "ran her nozzle ag'in the bank" on one side. The stern went around with a sweep and lodged against a gravel bar on the other side. The Mary C. lay for a few moments broadside in the channel, blocking it. There was a creaking and groaning. The hog chains parted. The Mary C's "back was broken." The wreck lay there until the elements wore it to pieces. That was the end of navigation to Forsyth.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

NOW HE HAS A UNIFORM.

There was a presentation Saturday afternoon at the water works office that is of general interest to firemen. It being the Christmas time, and the men having had a busy season and a consequent good supply of money, they thought it would be proper to present Mr. George N. Buckhout with a fireman's suit. The presentation speech was made in good style by Mr. A. P. Hamlin, who told Mr. Buckhout how deeply the donors felt for the long continued probation that had been imposed on Mr. Buckhout, who for some time has been acknowledged to be one of the best workers in the No. 5 company, and who yet is not a member of the company. Still he now has a full uniform, with an ax and a very conspicuous 5 on the breast.

Children Burned in Their Home.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Dec. 26.—Three colored children were burned to death during a fire which destroyed the home of their parents here this noon. The dead: Gladys Dixon, aged seven years; Ruth Dixon, five years; Ephraim Dixon, Jr., three years.

RUTLAND AHEAD.

Temporary Cessation of Hostilities in the Vermont Railroad War.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Dec. 26.—There is a temporary cessation of hostilities in the railroad war at Rouse's point between the Central Vermont and Rutland roads. The Rutland road has been victorious so far and the employes of the road are rapidly completing the spur of the new drawbridge, which will connect their half of the old bridge with their tracks on the Alburgh, Vt., shore. The Rutland road still retains possession of the engine captured from the Central Vermont. The Central Vermont tracks which were torn up have been re-laid and traffic over the old bridge has been resumed.

FALL RIVER MILL CLOSED.

All the Operatives Except the Spinners Out on Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 26.—The Globe yarn mill No. 3 is closed today because of the strike of all the operatives except the spinners, reported last week. The operatives visited the mill this morning, but did not enter. A shop meeting has been called for Wednesday night of the carding room employes of the three Globe and Sanford mills, who claim that the New England Yard Company has not increased wages as have the cloth mills.

FALL OF PINNACLE ROCK.

Noted Natural Spectacle Overhanging Cumberland Gap.

CUMBERLAND GAP, Tenn., Dec. 26.—The celebrated Pinnacle rock, which overhung Cumberland Gap and was a noted natural spectacle, fell from its lofty height today. The town was awakened as if by an earthquake, as the immense mass, weighing hundreds of tons, came tumbling down. The course of the rock was from the town and no lives were lost, although considerable property was destroyed.

THE VICTORIA CROSS.

It is probable that of the 70,000 men who have sailed recently from England for South Africa there is hardly a single officer or soldier who does not look forward to returning home with that little bronze badge known as the Victoria Cross pinned upon his breast. It is a distinction that is within the reach of every member of the entire force, from the divisional generals down to the smallest bugler or drummer boy, and there is not one of them who would not infinitely prefer it to any form of promotion. For its promotion indicates that its owner is in every sense of the word a hero, the Cross being conferred only for some signal act of altogether exceptional bravery, partaking of the character of heroism. It was founded at the time of the Crimean war, and among those whose breasts it adorn are generals such as Sir Redvers Buller, Lord Roberts, who commands in chief in South Africa, and plain, ordinary privates in the army. In fact, at least 50 per cent of the 200 Victoria Cross men won the distinction as privates or non-commissioned officers of the army and as common sailors in the navy.

Sir Redvers Buller, for instance, received his Victoria Cross for riding back three times in one day in the face of a hotly pursuing foe to rescue wounded comrades and soldiers. Lord William Beresford, who is married to an American lady, the widowed Mrs. Hammersley of New York, received it for feats of a similar character. General Sir Evelyn Wood got it in India for advancing under a heavy fire along a narrow causeway to place a bag of gunpowder against the gate of a city which the English were to storm during the mutiny, while at least two midshipmen received the Cross for picking up bombs from the decks of their vessels during the Crimean war and throwing them overboard before the sizzling fuse had time to explode the shell and carry death and destruction to all around it.

In the case of military men the ribbon is of red, while in the navy the ribbon is blue. The metal of which the Cross is made is of that same kind of bronze that 50 years ago was used for field guns. The Cross is of the style known as Maltese; has the royal crown surmounted by the Foi in the centre, and underneath a scroll bearing the inscription, "For valor." It is hung suspended by a "V" ring to a bar, on the reverse side of which the rank and name of the recipient is engraved, while on the Cross itself are inscribed the name and date of the action in which the honor was won.

Any additional act of bravery which would have won the Victoria Cross for its holder had he not already possessed it is signalized by a bar or clasp being added to the ribbon just above the bar from which the Cross is suspended. The Cross carries with it a pension of $50 a year, and an additional $25 is given for each bar. To the best of my knowledge there is no Victoria Cross man who can boast of an additional bar to his Cross.

It must be thoroughly understood that the feats of bravery for which the Cross is conferred must have been performed in war time, and to all intents and purposes under the fire of the enemy. Acts of bravery in times of peace do not receive any such recognition, and although Admiral Lord Charles Beresford has on several occasions risked his life at sea by diving overboard from a ship to save fellow officers and sailors from drowning, yet he has never received the Victoria Cross, which, as stated above, was granted to his brother "Bill" for rescuing one wounded trooper under fire.—[St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

ASTONISHING

Success has attended the introduction of this novel Heater.

The Dockash Round Heating Stove

Has no rival for great heating power, and economy of coal. Try it and see for yourself.

Snow Shovels for 25c.

WALSH BROTHERS',
222 Thames Street.

CALL IN AND LOOK AT OUR LINE OF

Celluloid Novelties,

Such as Manicure Sets, Toilet Sets, Shaving Sets, Glove, Handkerchief, Fan and Jewel Boxes, etc.; in the latest designs and prettiest patterns, from 25c. to $3 each.

25 dozen

Initial Handkerchiefs

At 5 cents each; come quick for they will not stay long with us at this price.

DOLLS

All the way from 3 cents to $1 each. We have some beauties worth looking at before purchasing elsewhere, and we can save you money.

We have hundreds of

TOYS

Too numerous to mention, from 5 cents up.

Levy's
76 BROADWAY.

IT IS A BOTHER

to have to wear two separate pairs of glasses. You that use them know it. One set won't answer for near and distance seeing, but we can unite the two that you require and have them in ONE FRAME. Just think of the convenience of not having to take off and put on first one pair then the other. Not bad looking either. You can hardly tell how they are put together. It requires SCIENCE AND EXPERIENCE to fit your eyes and make a PERFECT PAIR. I make no other.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

MUELLER,
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN,
106 Bellevue Ave.

Hello 134!

Rhode Island Turkeys and Geese,

THE VERY BEST IN THE MARKET.

Also some fine Vermont Stock

VERY LOW IN PRICE.

H. F. ROONEY'S,
251 THAMES STREET.

Caswell, Massey & Co

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH STOCK OF

PERFUMES.

TOILET No. 6, all sizes.

Violette Bouquet, Yacht Club Bouquet, Devonshire Wild Flowers, Essence Iris Blanc, for the handkerchief. Also a full line of Sachets, including the latest novelty—THE GENUINE MITCHAM LAVENDER FLOWERS IN BAGS.

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.,
212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.

Feather-Weight

SUIT CASES

For ladies. The lightest solid leather case made.

POCKET BOOKS, CIGAR CASES,
CARD CASES, CIGARETTE CASES,
BILL BOOKS, DRESSING CASES,
STICK PIN CASES, TRAVELING CASES,
AND ALL MONOGRAMS.
LEATHER GOODS, MILITARY BRUSH CASES,

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
256 & 258 Thames Street.
TELEPHONE.

TOWN OF TIVERTON, R. I.

Notice of Application for Transfer of Liquor License.

The following named person having made application for transfer of his liquor license, under the provisions of Chapter 102 of the General Laws of Rhode Island:

JOHN SIMPSON from east side of Bay street to Hebert's Block, west side of Main street.

The Town Council will be in session at the Town Hall, Monday, Jan. 1, 1900, at 11 o'clock A. M., when opportunity will be given for remonstrances to be heard before acting upon said application.

A. LINCOLN HAMBLY, Town Clerk.

SOFAS,
Hair Stuffed. Best material. Good styles. LOUNGES,
COUCHES,
CHAIRS.
GEO. NASON 28 Mill street.

Don't Buy Your Presents

Until you have given me a call and seen what I have to sell.

Wm. O. Glazier, Successor
To H. W. & J. C. Pray, 96 Spring Street.

NOTICE!
WANTED,
Your orders for electric light and bell work by January 1, 1900.
A. E. BURLAND,
Opera House Block.
Telephone 204-3.

CHAMPION'S LINE
Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats
TO LET BY THE HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.
22 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

Headquarters for Christmas Greens and Wreaths.

I have large and small Laurel Wreaths, Fancy Wreaths and Crosses, Moss and Holly Wreaths, Princess Pine by the yard for Trimming, Holly in bunches with the berries on, Anchors, Hearts, etc. I also have some extra fine Rubber Plants, Palms of all kinds and sizes, Ferns and Begonias, just a nice thing with one of my fancy Jardinieres for a Christmas present. Skates—all kinds from 50c. to $1.25. Bird Cages in brass and Japanned. All kinds of Bulbs for winter planting. Hardware, Tinware and Woodenware.

—AT—

H. L. DeBLOIS'S,
80 BROADWAY.

Banquet and Table

LAMPS,

In Gold and Silver Finish, Brass and Wrought Iron, Glass and China,

WITH IMPORTED GLOBES OR SHADES,
From $1 to $10.

LANDERS & SON,
COVELL'S BLOCK.

Stop Coughing!

TAKE

Peru Rock and Rye,

Made from pure old Rye Whiskey and Rock Candy.

FOR SALE BY

D. W. SHEEHAN,
18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.

Fresh Table Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,
142 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 198-4

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

OPERA HOUSE.
Thursday Night Dec. 28
STUPENDOUS SUCCESS.
The Realistic, Romantic and Sensational Comedy-Drama Triumph.

THE SIDEWALKS OF NEW YORK

A Picturesque and Pictorial Index of Life on the Streets of the Great Metropolis.
Far-Famed Funny Features.
Soul-Stirring Sensations.
Surpassing Scenic Splendors.

Paul J. Sp'ash's Death-Defying Act of Heroism.
A Headlong Dive of Fifty Feet into a Tank of Water only Three Feet Deep.
THE GREAT EAST RIVER SCENE.
A Masterpiece of Scenic Art.

27th Annual Supper and Dance

Of Oakland Lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F., WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 3, 1900, at Oakland Hall, South Portsmouth, R. I. Music by Baker Bros.' Orchestra of Providence. Come and hear them sing. Tickets admitting gentleman with ladies, 50c. Supper, 10c. A special car will leave the hall for Newport at 1 A. M., for Portsmouth car barn at 1:45 A. M.

For Sale.

One One-Horse Low Gear and One Light Express Wagon.

Both are in excellent condition.

HENRY A. THORNDIKE,
67 BRIDGE STREET.

If you intend to PAINT This spring try

H. W. John's Liquid Paint.

The Best and Most Economical Paint for All Purposes.

FOR SALE BY

A. Hammett, Lumber and Hardware
321 THAMES STEET.

For the Cheapest and Most Desirable AWNINGS
—TRY—
Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue.
Telephone 266-3

NEWPORT Riding Academy

Tew's Court, Newport, R. I.

Instruction in horsemanship daily, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Horses educated to saddle and all branches of high school.

Gentle horses for ladies and children, to hire at all hours.

Horses bought and sold on commission, and boarded by the week or month.

CHANDLER QUINTIN,
Veterinarian, Prop'r.
Telephone 219-2.

T. W. FREEBORNE,
Auctioneer and Appraiser
66 BROADWAY.

MEXICANS MASSACRED.

All the Prisoners in the Hands of the Yaquis Killed.

AUSTIN, Texas, Dec. 26.—A despatch from Guaymas, state of Sonoro, Mexico, says that the force of Yaqui Indians that has been harassing General Torres's troops for the past few weeks has withdrawn into the mountains. The Indians make raids on unprotected ranches and scouting parties of government troops. Many valuable buildings owned by Mexicans who took flight with their families to avoid being killed have been burned.

The death of Colonel Martinez of the Eleventh battalion, who was wounded recently in a battle with the Yaquis, is announced. Confirmation has also been received of the killing by the Indians of Father Peltran and of all the other Mexican prisoners who had fallen into their hands. The military authorities at Guaymas have received no word as to the whereabouts of the Twentieth infantry regiment.

SHOULD HAVE WAITED.

Crew of the Ariosta Might All Have Been Saved.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The deplorable loss of life resulting from the wreck of British steamer Ariosta near Cape Hatteras yesterday morning has called fresh attention to the efforts repeatedly made by the life saving bureau of the Treasury Department to put navigating officers of vessels in possession of all the information at hand, having for its object the saving or life in cases of this kind. The following warning bearing on this subject is printed in italics at the beginning of descriptions of life saving stations:

"Masters are particularly cautioned, if they are driven ashore anywhere in the neighborhood of the stations, especially on any of the sandy coasts, where there is not much danger of vessels breaking up immediately, to remain on board until assistance arrives, and under no circumstances should they attempt to land through the surf in their own boats until the last assistance from the shore has vanished."

Superintendent Kimball of the life saving service in speaking of the disaster said: "I firmly believe that if the crew of the Ariosta had waited until the breeches buoy had been put into working order all the crew of the vessel would have been saved. This is shown by the fact that after it was in operation it was used with excellent effect, resulting in the rescue of nine of the crew."

RUSH ORDERS FOR ENGLAND.

Armour Canning Works Busy Night and Day and Christmas.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—The employes of the canning department of Armour & Co. at the stock yards were on duty Christmas day filling rush orders sent by the British government. For almost a week, night and day, shifts of men have been kept at work. Recently, it is said, two large orders were received from the English government officials for meats for the British forces in South Africa. It is expected that the order will be filled before the end of the week. The supplies will be carried east in special trains and shipped at once to Cape Town.

EMPLOYES AS STOCKHOLDERS.

Opportunity to be Offered the Great Northern's Men.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 26.—Employes of the Great Northern railroad, including conductors, engineers and other trainmen, are to become stockholders in that company in February next. It is understood that the management of the railway system has decided to recommend to the stockholders a plan for the distribution of a large block of the company's shares among the men who have been in the service of the company for a certain number of years. The sum will aggregate several hundred thousand dollars.

It is said that the plan will be to increase the company's capital stock 10 per cent, and to allow the men to subscribe for a round amount at par.

BROKEN UP AND SUNK.

Only a Portion of the Castilian's Foremast Still Above Water.

YARMOUTH, N. S., Dec. 26.—Marine men state that the hull of the immense Allan liner Castilian, which was wrecked several months ago off the coast of southern Nova Scotia, has broken up and sunk. The only visible reminder of the disaster is a portion of the foremast, which still remains above water.

The Castilian was a new steamer, and when lost was bound from Portland, Me., for Liverpool, with a general cargo of produce, cattle, etc.

Alabama Railroad Consolidation.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 26.—It is stated on reliable authority that the Eastern & Western Alabama railway has been purchased by Lee, Higginson & Co. of Boston, for the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham railroad, and that it will at once be extended to Birmingham. The roads extends from Cartersville, Ga., to Poll City, Ala., a distance of 120 miles. The purchase price is given as $1,250,000.

Transport Westminster Puts Back.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 26.—Transport Westminster, which sailed from here Sunday with 400 horses and mules and a cargo of fodder, has put back to port, having met with an accident to her machinery. She will probably sail again today.

PRAISE FOR BLOCK ISLAND LIFE SAVERS.

Assistant Superintendent H. M. Knowles of the Third district life saving service has received a letter from Captain Charles Kesseler of New London in relation to the services rendered him by the crew of the New Shoreham life saving station, Block Island. The letter plainly tells its own story. Captain Littlefield, referred to in the communication, has been connected with the service for 24 years, 14 as a surfman and 10 years as a keeper. Superintendent Knowles says that in this quarter of a century Captain Littlefield has given assistance to about 163 vessels that required assistance from the New Shoreham station. Captain Kesseler's letter is as follows:

"Dear Sir: I would like to praise the services rendered to me by Captain A. N. Littlefield and crew of the life saving station at Block Island on the night of September 11, 1899 when I came ashore in the southeast gale of wind. I had hardly struck the beach when the patrol was at hand and helped me, and the crew worked hard and faithfully for three days and succeeded in getting sloop smack Sunny Side afloat by hard work, saving her and cargo of fish also. I can fully state that you have a good crew and a gentleman for a captain of life savers. I wish you would compliment them for their work done to me. I was also made quite at home in their house. I am a little late in writing, but this is my first chance to write. They also helped me to repair her so as to get her to New London for repairs. I must close now, praising your Captain Littlefield and crew of life savers. I will remain yours respectfully,

"CAPT. CHARLES KESSELER,
"New London, Conn."

The original letter has been forwarded to Hon. S. I. Kimball, general superintendent United States life saving service, Washington, D. C.

A Card.

The undersigned hereby agrees to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. He also guarantees a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Alfred A. McDonald of Boston is visiting here.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Crowley, Jr., have returned from New York.

—Miss Mary Brazier of Providence is visiting Mrs. James H. Brazier on Bellevue avenue.

—Mr. A. Woodle, superintendent of the Western Union telegraph office, is visiting at Wilton, N. H.

—Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dolan, who occupied "Stone Villa" last season, will sail for Europe tomorrow.

—Advices from New York are to the effect that the condition of Mr. John A. Pinard has changed for the worse.

—The underground telephone cable has been led into the Police Station and no further trouble with the service is expected.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor will sail tomorrow from New York for Europe, and will spend several weeks on the Mediterranean as they did last winter.

—Among those who spent Christmas in town were Audley Clarke Peckham of the National City Bank of New York, H. W. Cozzens, Jr., of Staten Island and Maurice J. Murphy of New London.

—Mr. John Hodgson is building a small hospital about 50 feet square as an addition to the plant of Cloyne House. The hospital is for use in case any of the boys become ill. It is to the north of the school proper.

—Captain J. W. Maccolini has gone to his home at Inwood, N. Y., to spend the holidays. Captain Maccolini, who is the contractor for the new polo grounds, states that the cost for labor alone, so far, has been about $16,000.

—Two of the Greek fishermen of Long wharf have under consideration a plan to make an exhibit of lobster fishing at the Paris exposition. They propose taking over pots, lobsters, etc., and show the method of catching practiced off this coast.

—At the morning service at the United Congregational Church Sunday Rev. T. C. McClelland, Ph. D., announced to the congregation that he had decided not to accept the call to the church in St. Johnsbury, Vt., and will remain with the Newport church.

—The new tennis court at Tuxedo will be opened next Saturday, when an exhibition match will be played between "Tom" Pettit of the Newport Casino and Eustace H. Miles, the English amateur champion, who is to be secretary and treasurer of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club.

—Among recent contributors to the Lawton fund are: W. K. Vanderbilt $1,000; F. S. Witherbee, $50; W. Seward Webb, $250; Henry H. Cook, $100; Potter Palmer, $100; Charles Lanier, $100; W. C. Whitney, $250; R. D. Winthrop, $100; Egerton L. Winthrop, $100, and Levi P. Morton, $100.

—There were several vehicular accidents Saturday afternoon. On Thames street one of the A. C. Titus Company's wagons lost a fair-sized load of crockery, and a farmer's wagon lost a shaft in collision with a passing hay wagon. On Broadway there was a runaway, without serious results.

—The new steam yacht Virginia, which has been built at the Bath Iron Works for Mr. Isaac Stern of New York, put in here yesterday afternoon on her first trip, bound for New York. She proceeded after a stay of about two hours. Mr. Stern expected to be able to have the yacht in New York yesterday, that he might make her a Christmas present to his wife, but the boat was delayed.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Walden Pell took place Saturday at the American church on the Avenue de l' Alma in Paris, among those present being Mr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Ford, the Misses Anderson, Mrs. George Howland, Mrs. Mackaye, Mrs. Willetts, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Pell, Mr. Sorchan and the United States ambassador, General Horace Porter. The body will be brought to Newport for interment.

—The funeral of the late Edward T. Dodge took place Saturday afternoon from his late residence on Hall avenue, Rev. Brewer G. Boardman of the First Baptist Church officiating. The members of Union Lodge, Knights of Honor of which the deceased was a member, attended in a body, and the bearers—Messrs. Francis Stanhope, Allan H. Bishop, Samuel Speer and Henry J. Hass—were selected from that organization.

—Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont with her son, Harold Vanderbilt, and his tutor, will sail next Saturday on steamship Etruria for England and will go at once to Blenheim for a short visit to her daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough. She will later go to Melton Mowbray, where the Marlboroughs have taken a house for the hunting season. Early in February Mrs. Belmont will join Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., along the Riviera and will spend several weeks with them. Mr. Belmont will sail for England to join his wife soon after the first of January.

first became interested in the reform, | easily outranked in the country ...

THE KHAKI UNIFORM.

Displacing the British Red Coat for Tropical Service.

The word "khaki" is derived from the Hindoo, and means simply dust or clay-colored, but in the war office sense "khaki" is elevated from the position of adjective to substantive, and refers exclusively to that drab-colored material which was worn for the first time probably by some of the East Indian regiments. Throughout the Egyptian campaigns it was used by our troops, and when the guards arrived in London after the last expedition they were clad in the very garments served out to them again for service in South Africa. As they detrained at Waterloo this autumn and marched through the cheering multitude to Wellington barracks, it must be admitted that the mud-colored tunics and breeches failed to appeal to the eyes of people who had associated the brave fellows with that "thin red line" of glorious memory, but the outfit certainly possesses many advantages from the point of view of practical work.

Lancaster, of course, is the home of the industry, and in order to meet the requirements of the government the factories there have lately been working very hard. Some 15,000 men and women have been employed recently in manufacturing the clothes, which are packed and transported by fatigue parties of soldiers to the various destinations. As regards clothes, the wisdom of decentralizing stores has been abundantly proved during the progress of the present scheme of mobilization. Instead of the delay and confusion which used to ensue when the uniforms were dispatched from the London centre to a number of points far and near, we now have a well-organized system, under which the goods are sent to the various provincial centres, there to be re-distributed. Though strong and unshrinkable, the material is much more flexible than the customary cloth, and enables a man to use his weapons to greater advantage. Any soldier will tell you that the manual and firing exercises can be performed with much greater ease when khaki has been substituted for the tight-fitting and padded regulation tunic. In South Africa, as in the Soudan, there will be times when all officers and men must sleep in their clothes, boots and accouterments, and in these conditions a khaki suit is as superior to the average uniform as pajamas are to the frock coat and tweed trousers of the civilian.

Some army experts are strongly in favor of a more extensive use of khaki for the purpose of campaigning, and especially of a variety called "millerain drill." Officers stationed in India have borne testimony to the rain-repelling properties of this fabric, which make it particularly adapted for use as an overcoat. The same "drill" is also suited for the construction of army tents, because the material does not absorb moisture, besides which, after rain, the tents are not so heavy to move about—a very important matter to troops when campaigning. A thermometer placed in millerain tents has proved that the temperature is lower by from 10 to 15 degrees inside, as compared with other tents. The cloth being porous, the heated atmosphere is able to escape, while the material turns the heaviest downpour of rain. At the present time there are several regiments in India, cavalry and infantry, clothed in millerain khaki, as well as batteries of artillery. The suits which will be worn by our soldiers are not waterproof, but they are well adapted for hard work.

In recent years khaki color has become fashionable with women, and khaki gloves are largely sold throughout England. This variety, however, is apt to fade, whereas the color for the troops must be tested by an army analyst, and stand 30 hours' hard boiling. Cyclists and tourists have also taken to the material of late, a special quality of the fabric being manufactred for their use. Perhaps the chief difficulty about khaki is the confusion which exists as to the spelling of the word, "kharki" being favored by some authorities and "kharkee" by others. The only objection from the soldier's point of view is that the wearer is liable to be called names. We have all heard of such regimental nicknames as "Strawboats," "Cherubims," "Nanny Goats," "Slashers," "Sankey's Horse," "Die Hards," and the "Dirty Half Hundred," but few people in England know that the first Indian regiment to don khaki became known as the "Dustmen." Such a calamity has, however, so far escaped the lot of brave fellows who have done yeoman service for us in Egypt, and some of whom have embarked for new fields of victory in South Africa.

Why should the word be misspelled? "Khaki"—not "kharki"—is a Persian name; which means earthy or dustlike; the color of dried mud. Khak-i-pa is "dust of the feet," and, to "become dust," is khak shudan. The name and the tint have been borrowed from India, where fakirs, peasants, hunters and soldiers alike obtain from the bark of the babul tree a dye which gives the earthen hue to calico or linen, so useful for concealment, for rough usage and for keeping a neat and cleanly appearance.—[New York Tribune.

TWENTY-SIXTH RECALLED FROM ILOILO.

General Otis has recalled the Twenty-sixth infantry, Colonel Edmund Rice, from Iloilo to Manila. The recall is not for the reason of any dissatisfaction with Colonel Rice's work there, but for more important work on the Island of Luzon. The Panay insurrection has been broken up, so there is nothing but garrison duty to be done there. The Forty-fourth infantry will relieve the Twenty-sixth in Iloilo, and is already on the way from Manila, so that Colonel Rice's regiment will soon be in Manila and ready for whatever service may be required of it.

PROVISIONS.

SELECTED

Rhode Island Turkeys

FRESH TABLE EGGS A SPECIALTY.

JOHN BLUCK & CO.,
103 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

DEERFOOT FARM

Sausage,
Bacon,
Cream
—AT—

The Sea Side Market.

Meats and Provisions.

Fruits and Vegetables.
Canned Goods.

BEST OF EVERYTHING. PRICES RIGHT.

F. B. Coggeshall,
2 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

The Chas. E. Spooner Co.

Wish to call attention to the superior quality of their Meal and Cracked Corn. Also Corn, Bran, Midds, Quaker Oat Feed and Poultry Supplies.

N. B.—We are sole agents for Derry's Harness Oil.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.

D. Shanahan Commercial Wharf.

REMEMBER

There are times in everyone's life when he should avail himself of the opportunity. This is your time to secure

China, Crockery and Lamps

Which we are offering for much less than their real value. We have an object in this "markdown" sale. You should make the most of it.

$1.50 to	$2.00	goods	for	$1.00
1.00 "	1.25	"	"	.75
.75 "	.85	"	"	.50
.50 "	.60	"	"	.35
.35 "	.40	"	"	.25
.26		"	"	.17

Every Offer a Bargain!

JUST ARRIVING:

5,000 yards Evergreen Trimming.
200 Asso. Wreaths and Crosses.
200 Fine Trees.
1 ton Fresh-Cut Holly.

Open every night till 10 o'clock.

The Geo. A. Weaver Co.,
19, 21 & 23 BROADWAY.

ONLY $2.75

SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your weight and height, also number of inches around body at bust and neck, and we will send this BEAUTIFUL FUR TRIMMED BEAVER CLOTH CAPE to you by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our special offer price $2.75, and express charges. Express charges will average 40 to 60 cents for each 1,000 miles. THIS CAPE IS LATEST STYLE FOR FALL and WINTER, made from all extra fine and heavy all wool black or blue genuine Clarston Beaver cloth, 27 inches long, very full sweep, 12-inch upper cape, extra full. Upper cape and large storm collar, fine its fully trimmed with black Baltic seal fur; upper cape trimmed with three rows and collar with two rows of fine mohair braid, button ornaments. This cape is one tailor made throughout and equal to capes that sell at more than double the price. Write for free Cloak Catalogue.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

Military Hair Brushes.

WE HAVE THEM, AND WE HAVE NOT A GREAT NUMBER OF THEM, BUT THEY ARE CHOICE. QUALITY THE BEST. PRICES MOST REASONABLE. LATEST STYLES.

FOR THE LADIES WE HAVE A FRESH STOCK OF

Sachet Powder and Colognes.

OUR DOUBLE X MIXTURE SACHET HAS ESTABLISHED A REPUTATION FOR ITSELF.

The Hub Pharmacy,
S.S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist
176 Thames Street, Cor. Mary.
TELEPHONE 242-4.

A PRIVATE LIGHTING PLANT.

Acetylene Gas.

You can produce your own gas cheaper than you can buy oil, gas or electricity. We make two types of machines for generating ACETYLENE GAS, known as the wet and the dry process. This gas is made only as it is used. Machine does not have to be cared for oftener than once in 15 days. Our machines are approved by Fire Insurance Boards all over the United States. We light residences, stores, churches, public buildings, factories and towns with double the illuminating power 40 per cent cheaper than any other system of lighting. Write us for full information. We want good agents. National Acetylene Gas Co., 422 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

Raw Hide Whips.

Another gross just received and will sold be at 25c. each for cash.

GEORGE GRATRIX, 96 Broadway.

THE ALLEN.

Restaurant and Oyster House.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,
139 Thames Street.

D. B. ALLEN, J. T. ALLEN.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad;

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal Station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. Return, 6:42, 8:42, 10:42 a. m.; 12:12, 3:42, 4:42, a6:00, 6:12 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:53 a. m.; 1:30, 3:20, 4:30, 5:20, a6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 4:58 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p.m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, BRIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
c Wharf Station.

A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

NEWPORT & FALL RIVER STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

Leave Fall River for Newport—**6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:45, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:45, 7:45, 8:15, *9:45, *10:45 p. m.

Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 p. m.

* To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sunday.

Running time between City Hall, Fall River, and Newport, 90 minutes.

Last car for Fall River leaves Newport (Bull street) at 9:15 P. M.

Last car for Newport leaves Fall River at 8:15 P. M.

Last car for Portsmouth car house leaves Fall River at 10:15 P. M.

Last car for Portsmouth car house leaves Newport at 10:15 P. M.

More frequent trips will be run Saturdays, Sundays and holidays when pleasant.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

R. S. GOFF, General Manager.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.

On and after October 5, 1899,

Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail

Will run as follows:

Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:30, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.

Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:00 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 5:30, 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

Providence, Fall River & Newport

STEAMBOAT CO.

On and after Sept. 18,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days, 8 a. m. Leave Providence, week days, 4 p. m.

Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

Excursion Tickets only 90 cents.

B. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

For Block Island.

Steamer G. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

—FROM—

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

DRUGGISTS.

Wood's Bronchial Lozenges,

Composed of Cubebs, Tolu, Licorice, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound. GIVES INSTANT RELIEF IN COUGHS, COLDS AND HOARSENESS.

10c. a box.

Prepared by Geo. A. Wood, Druggist, 108 BROADWAY.

DOWNING BROTHERS

ARE SHOWING A LINE OF

Toilet Requisites, Staple Goods,

WHICH WILL PAY YOU TO CALL AND EXAMINE.

Our stock of Cologne Waters, Handkerchief Perfumes, Sachet Powders, Olive Wood Mirrors, Military Brushes, etc., will be sold at prices within reach of all.

42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.

A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist.
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
Old No. 146. New No. 220 THAMES STREET.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York, the South and West

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. A fine orchestra on each.

Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.

Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.

Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. L. Greene, Ticket Agent.

J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route."

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	*10:00	*1:20	*4:10	*7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:18	6:50	9:60
Boston, arr.,	1:18	4:20	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	4:30	6:57	11:00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	c*12 02	*5 00	*10 02	*1 02
Boston,		10 03	1 05	3 00
Providence,		11 14	2 10	4 15
Newport, arr.,	6 34	1 05	4 00	6 40
	A M	P M	P M	P M

*Daily, except Sundays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:49 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:29 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.

c Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 5:00 P. M.; Baltimore 5:08 P. M., Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 5:14 A. M.; Newport, 6:35 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

O. H. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WINTER BOARD,

A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage. Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.

GEO. NASON, 26 Mill Street.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Cottage and Stable for Rental

On Malbone road; all modern improvements.

For Sale—House and stable, Walnut street.

For Sale—Building and land, Wanton street.

(Building occupied as house and stable, and 4,000 feet of land.)

DAVIS & WARD,
169 THAMES STREET. TELEPHONE NO. 43.

FOR SALE!

To quick purchaser, good sized dwelling and 6,025 square feet of land on Bay View avenue, near Broadway. Full particulars

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE.

FOR RENT.

Unfurnished Cottage

Cor. Catherine and Fir Streets.

APPLY TO

JOHN WHIPPLE.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT,

Real Estate and Insurance.

Agent for Blickensderfer Typewriter.

323 THAMES STREET.

For Sale,

AT JAMESTOWN.

TWO FARMS,

Each containing 60 acres, on the west shore, one for $3,000 and the other for $3,700.

House lots, containing 5,000 square feet, $150 each. Sewer and water.

APPLY TO

C. T. KNOWLES,
BAY VIEW HOUSE. JAMESTOWN, R. I.

INSURANCE

Of every description written at

Reduced Rates

In strongest companies.

A. S. SHERMAN,
MERCHANTS BANK

SKATES!

Our line of Skates is complete, both ice and roller.

Pocket Knives, Carvers and Cutlery of all kinds.

Also complete line of Hunters' Supplies.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
185 THAMES STREET.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A tinsmith and plumber; a man that can do general jobbing of all kinds, including pumps and steam heating. No man that uses intoxicating liquors need apply. References required. Apply in person to Clarke Potter, Wickford, R. I.

WANTED—Women who understands general housework, at Adams House, Thames street.

WANTED—A good home given to a woman and her husband (white and without children) in exchange for cooking and washing for one person. The man can have his own outside work and in his spare time attend to matters about the place. References required. Address Box 30, Daily News Office.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—A young lady wishes board and room in a private family at moderate price. Address Box 6, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Upper tenement, 9 Vicksburg place; five rooms and two attic rooms; city water. Apply 25 Pope street.

TO LET—Upper tenement, 95 Spring street, put in perfect order this year; concrete cellar, city water and gas. $20 per month. Inquire on the premises, or at the store of D. C. Denham, 273 Thames street.

TO RENT—Cottage on Whitehall street, now occupied by Mr. J. H. Scannevin; modern improvements; possession about January 1, 1900. J. A. Barker, 816 Thames street.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS—All the modern conveniences; everything new. North side of Mary St., third house from Thames St. Rooms $2, $2.50 and $3. Walter S. Langley, 174 Thames St.

TO LET—Lower tenement on Clinton avenue. Apply to William S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

TO LET.

Lower Tenement 28 Mann Ave.

Containing 8 rooms and all the modern conveniences.

F. S. and S. P. BARKER, 105 Broadway.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

Kay Street House.

FALL SEASON.

Parties desiring to remain in Newport late in the fall can be accommodated at the KAY STREET HOUSE, 16 Kay St.

PERRY HOUSE.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

HOTELS.

HOTEL GRENOBLE

NEW YORK,

7th Avenue and 56th Street.

New, Fireproof, All Modern Conveniences.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

WARREN LELAND, JR.

OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.

EVERETT HOUSE,

17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.

For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.

WM. M. BATES. B. L. M. BATES.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

BOSTON.

American and European plans.
Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality in the city.
BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors.
HERBERT H. BARNES, Manager.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

1 lb. can Plum Pudding, 22c.
2 lb. can Plum Pudding, 40c.
3 lb. can Plum Pudding, 70c.
Qt. Jars Mince Meat, 50c.
1-2 gal. jars Mince Meat, 85c.
New Sweet Cider, 25c. a gal.
Boiled Cider for pies.

French Glace Fruits.
Fancy Table Raisins.

Colgate's Handkerchief Extracts, Toilet Soap and Toilet Water.

Frye's Chocolates and Bon Bons.

C. SHERMAN & CO.,

243 & 245 Thames Street.

CLOSED ON CHRISTMAS DAY.

CHOICE

MIXED NUTS.

They are not half Brazil Nuts that cost 5c. a pound.
We don't originate that kind.
Neither do we imitate them.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Aquidneck National Bank.

DIVIDEND NO. 65.

Two and one half per cent, payable on and after January 2d, 1900.
CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., December 26, 1899.

OFFICES

In the Daily News Building.

A desirable, well-lighted suite of two offices in the new part of the Daily News building, which have been let temporarily, are now for rent. The rent includes heat, janitor's service and city water.

Apply to

T. T. PITMAN.

BEGGARS IN NEW YORK.

Expert Opinions by Officers Who Have Arrested Many of Them.

Probably there exists no other important subject in the world on which there is so wide a gulf of dissension between the general views of mankind and the tried experience of experts as almsgiving. It certainly redounds to the credit of the generous feelings of humanity at large that most people will readily give a quarter or half a dollar without discrimination, and, indeed, without much thought, to a person claiming to be hungry or destitute; but what effect this kindly disposition has upon society at large may be quite another matter. This thought was forcibly brought to a member of the staff of Charities a few days ago in a conversation at the Jefferson Market police station with Officers Thomas F. Hays and Frank A. Flynn of that police magistrate district. Ever since the police commissioners, in February, 1897, ordered two men from every police district to be detailed for keeping the streets clear of professional beggars and vagrants these officers have had joint charge of that business on the whole West Side from Canal street to Forty-second street, including the principal public resorts and hotels and the Tenderloin district, with all that is implied by that name. A joint interview with them follows:

"Did you know that the war with Spain has brought a new order of crooks to light in this country? The other day a dangerous 'panhandler' was before the court. His offence was clearly proved, but his lawyer adroitly elicited by examining the man himself that he was one of the gunners under the command of 'Fighting Bob' Evans on the Iowa. In point of fact he may not have seen a warship in his life. But on his own evidence he was incontinently discharged as a hero and patriot in distress, and the crowd made up a hatful of money for him in the twinkling of an eye. A few days afterward he was up again on a fresh charge of street begging, before another judge. The Iowa racket was worked again, but this time the magistrate had his doubts of the genuineness of the prisoner's laurels, and now holds him until Captain Evans could be heard from."

"You used the word 'panhandler.' What does it mean?"

"One of the order of tramps who beat their way every fall on the railways into New York as the warmest place for them in the whole country during the winter. They use every opportunity that presents itself. Sometimes they hold up every passer-by; sometimes they work the houses for food on the plea of being hungry, and accept money if there is no food left. If a house is ill secured or if the people are incautious, the beggars will put their hands on what they can get and make off with it. I remember a case in which a tramp got in that way $3,000 worth of diamonds. Another favorite game is to cultivate the acquaintance of drunken men and to go through them at the opportune time, using such violence as may be needed for the purpose.

"I do not mean to say that a hungry tramp should not be fed, although instead of cold victuals I should rather give him one of the cheap meal tickets which can be bought at 5 cents apiece, but I have seen two tramps working together, one collecting the food at the doors, and the other following him with a huge bag into which the supplies were emptied from time to time. Finally, when the bag was full, the rascals carried it to an Italian doggery on the East Side, which supplied the Italian aqueduct laborers with cheap food and booze. Here the beggars converted their victuals into money or drink, or both, and were then ready to begin once more. It is the most difficult thing in the world, though, to keep people from helping a man who claims that he is hungry.

"Why, I know a man named Seibel, a good-looking, one-legged fellow of fine address, who has established a cripple trust. When anything extraordinary is going on in the city he brings over from Brooklyn, or wherever he keeps them, as many as six or a dozen cripples, or whatever number he can use, stations them in good places and sets them to work begging for dear life. If they are arrested he hires a lawyer for them and otherwise protects them. He once had the effrontery, while acknowledging this scheme, to offer me $25 per month for keeping away from him and his men. Notwithstanding all the difficulties of his position he must be well off. Some time ago I was standing in front of the Metropolitan Opera House on an opera night, when a swell carriage drove up. Out of it a man emerged whose face I could not see at first, in faultless evening dress, crush hat and all the other agony of a great dude, with apparently a slight halt in his walk, who handed out in grand style a beautifully gowned lady and told the coachman when to call for them. As the pair entered the opera house I saw his face. It was Seibel with an artificial leg.

"An Italian beggar whom I know is reputed to be the owner of two valuable houses not far from Park Row, and another is said to have a large sum of money at interest in a number of savings banks."

At the city magistrate's court in the Criminal Court building, in Centre street, Officers Andrew Ferretti and Alexander Patton are detailed for this work, and 582 arrests have been made since February 1, 1897. It is believed at the court that nearly all street beggars have been driven from the district. At Jefferson Market station, Sixth avenue and Ninth street, 750 arrests were made. At No. 69 Essex street James H. Brennan is the only officer now detailed for the work. At first the arrests were from eight to 10 weekly; now they do not exceed four as a weekly average. The total arrests were 612.—[Charities.

COPIES OF FAMOUS MEN IN WASHINGTON.

There are always to be found in Washington a number of individuals who in appearance and manner counterfeit historic characters of the past or present. James G. Blaine, though deceased, is today a familiar figure—at all events, strikingly imitated—in Pennsylvania avenue. There are the same face, the same cut of gray beard, the same walk—in short, a wonderfully accurate, though evidently cultivated, likeness.

Benjamin Harrison, though now a resident of Indiana, is similarly represented on the streets of the capital, and a "true copy" of Mark Hanna will shave you for 15 cents in a little basement shop opposite the Treasury. These counterfeits, however, are persons of no special consequence.

It is more interesting to discover in the halls of Congress men who assume the outward presentment of greatness elsewhere lodged. Representative R. G. Cousins of Tipton, Iowa, for example, has approached the physical aspect and even the manner of Tom Reed. He has grown much stouter since he came to Washington, and that has helped the imitation. He has Reed's walrus-like stride, something of his drawl, and is accused by his political adversaries of sitting up nights to memorize grim jests and repartees.

Another similarity is that of Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois to Lincoln. Unquestionably, Senator Cullom has a look of Lincoln—the same harshness of visage, with deep furrows in the cheeks. But this resemblance is much accentuated by shaving the long upper lip and wearing a chin beard very like that of the great emancipator. Then, too, his dress, from the bow-necktie to the long tailed frock coat, is similar to the costume of the war President made so familiar through the medium of pictures, and he wears it with the same carelessness of effect.

TOO MANY CANDIDATES.

Why Old Senate Officers Were Retained.

New Members Looking Up Their Committees.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Some surprise has been expressed because the senate, with a large Republican majority, has not reorganized save in the matter of the appointment of committees. For six years now the officers of the senate have been Democrats, although a strict nonpartisanship has been exercised in the distribution of patronage, the appointments being divided as equitably as possible among the senators. Still the impression prevailed that soon after the senate met there would be a reorganization and that Republicans would be selected in place of Secretary Cox and Sergeant-at-Arms Bright. But no move was made in this direction, and there is no intimation yet that there is an intention to make any change. This is not because there is a lack of candidates for the positions in case of reorganization, and it is believed that there is really an embarrassment in candidates, the matter being in a position rather difficult to solve. The popularity of Sergeant-at-Arms Bright and the satisfaction which Secretary Cox has given are other reasons why there is no particular anxiety to disturb these officers, even if they do belong to the minority party.

Finding Themselves.

Several new senators have found upon examination that they are members of many committees with very long names, but which have nothing to do. It often happens to the new senator that high sounding names catch him, and he feels that he is being honored when given a place on such committees, until later in the session he discovers that there is really nothing for him to do. Some years ago when the committees of the senate were reorganized Thomas C. Power was a senator from Montana. He was placed on several unimportant committees, among them being civil service, retrenchment and reform. "I have been looking up my committee assignments," he said a few days later. "I shall meet with but one, that of which I am chairman. The others never meet. As to my committee and its work I will say at the start that I am not in favor of either civil service, retrenchment or reform, and it doesn't look as if I would do very much this session."

Railroad Legislation.

A number of bills have been introduced proposing to amend the interstate commerce law, but the prospects of action are somewhat remote. There is a wide difference of opinion among the members of congress in both houses as to what should be done, and the radical views on both may prevent any action. There is the proposed pooling bill, which many members hesitate to support, and the antiscalping bill, which always meets with opposition. On the other hand, there is opposition on the part of railroads to measures which are intended to strengthen and give the interstate commerce commission more power. Where parties are so evenly balanced for and against measures it may generally be surmised that there will be nothing done. In the senate any well organized and determined minority can defeat a measure for which no political party is committed and for which the majority does not particularly care. Other matters will probably crowd any railroad legislation to the rear.

An Early Campaign.

The appointment of a subcommittee by the Republican national committee to disseminate literature previous to the meeting of the national convention marks a new era in the conduct of a political canvass. The argument made in favor of the movement is that during the winter months many people have time to read the literature which they cannot find time to read in the summer and fall. Senator Hanna chose for the chairman of this committee Mr. Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general, who was for many years a prominent Washington correspondent and knows how to reach the people. His confreres are Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, and Senator George L. Shoup of Idaho.

The Republicans will not be the only party sending out literature, for the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans are not to be behind. Chairman James K. Jones, senator from Arkansas, is directing the Democratic work; Chairman Marion Butler, senator from North Carolina, for the Populists, and Hon. Charles A. Towne of Minnesota is here for the Silver Republicans. The Congressional Record for a week past has been bulging with speeches which will be used in this work.

Allen Was Ready.

John Allen of Mississippi is beyond question the humorist of the house. It grieves him sometimes when he wants to make a serious speech that his audience expects something funny, but on all other occasions he prefers and keeps up his humorous character. "I was ready for them," said Mr. Allen, speaking of the Roberts case. "I was ready for them on the first day. I went to the capitol with a pocketful of stones. I expected to hear some one rise and say, 'Let him that is without sin cast the first stone.' I would have begun to heave stones right then and there, but they didn't give me the opportunity. Perhaps it got noised about that I was loaded for them."

His Experience With Gage.

Secretary Gage is not the kind of a man that the average congressman seeking a place for a constituent cares to tackle. A Pennsylvania member was telling me his experience the other day in a half humorous, half serious, vein. "Now, I want to say that Lyman (the secretary) is not the man that I would pick out as an easy thing. I went in to see him and found him sitting, solemn and calm, behind his desk, his white hair and beard giving him a benevolent look not in keeping with the other portions of his make up. I told my story, and he looked straight at me without seeing me—one of those blank stares that would break up a man with nerves of iron, which I do not possess. He never answered a word, but continued to look at me, through me and beyond me. I do not know to this day whether he saw me or not, nor am I sure that he heard me. As I backed away a United States senator took my place, and he, too, seemed to have the same experience. I am not sure that he did, for I got out as soon as I could and, buttoning my coat close about me, hurried to a heater to thaw out."

Lawton Was Scared Once.

General Henry W. Lawton was no speaker. He always made it a condition when invited to dinners that he should not be called upon to speak. About a year ago he attended a dinner of the Gridiron club under these conditions. But too many people wanted to see if not hear from this distinguished officer, and he was called up. He rose to the height of his 6 feet 2 inches and, in his full dress as a major general, made a magnificent appearance. He bowed in every direction and sat down amid a thunder of cheers. It was so soldierlike and so like Lawton. Meeting a few friends in General Shafter's room later in the evening, General Lawton said, "By Jove, I was never so scared in my life!"

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

If you Would Have a Good COFFEE Try My SANTOS, 15c. a lb., 7 lbs. for $1.

—AT—

James A. Eddy's,

Cash Grocery and Market,

250 THAMES STREET.

TELEPHONE NO. 110.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

GROCERIES.

Standard Extra-Fine Granulated Sugar 19 lbs. for $1.

Fancy Gilt Edge Creamery Butter, 3 1-2 pounds for $1.

Splendid Formosa, English Breakfast or Japan Tea, 2 1-2 pounds for $1.

Good Formosa, English Breakfast or Japan Tea, 3 pounds for $1.

Our Coffee at 28c. a pound, 4 pounds for $1, is a winner. Try it.

Blue Label Catsup, pints, 20c. a bottle.

Snider's Catsup, pints, 20c. a bottle.

Williams Bros.' and Charbonneau's Pickles, Sweet Gherkins, Sour Gherkins, Sweet Mixed, Sour Mixed and Chow Chow; fine goods, half gallon bottles, 25 cents.

Columbia River Salmon, tall cans, 10 cents.

Anderson's Cream of Celery Soup, 10c. a can.

Cream Baking Powder, full supply, both sizes, always in stock.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

SMITH BUILDING, BROADWAY.

OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

O. F. WILCOX, PROP'R.

Winter Board for Horses.

Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 15 acre paddock perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further particulars apply at BATEMAN'S.

FINANCIAL.

E. L. DOUCETTE & CO.,

Stock Brokers,

224 THAMES STREET.

ALL ORDERS EXECUTED THROUGH MEMBERS OF NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGES.

JAMES COGGESHALL,

Stock Broker,

NEWTON BUILDING,

Corner Thames and Pelham Streets.

Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.

Life Insurance Investments and Local Bank Stocks.

TELEPHONE 257.

JAMES W. NOYES,

96 Broadway and 6 Wall Street.

(Successor to WM. C. NOYES),

Dealer in

NEW YORK & BROOKLYN FINANCIAL

Trust Co's Stocks.

(Specialties for 50 years.)

See my correct and reliable daily tables of quotations, etc., in most of the Wall Street publications.

—ALSO—

Guaranteed R. R. and Telegraph Stocks and Miscellaneous Securities.

5 per cent

Gold Guaranteed Bonds of the Columbus, Marshall & Northeastern R. R. for sale at par and accrued interest. Send for list of safe investments yielding 4 per cent and upwards.

JOSHUA BROWN & CO.,

BANKERS, 80 State Street, BOSTON.

BANK NOTICES.

DIVIDEND.

A semi-annual dividend of four and one-half per cent (4½) will be paid to the stockholders of the Newport National Bank, on and after Tuesday, January 2, 1900.

HENRY C. STEVENS, Cashier.

Island Savings Bank.

A Semi-Annual Dividend, at the rate of four per cent per annum, will be paid on all deposits entitled thereto, on and after January 15, 1900.

GEORGE H. PROUD, Treasurer.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 18, 1899.

First National Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., December 6, 1899.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the bank for the choice of directors, will be held Tuesday, January 9, 1900, from eleven to twelve o'clock M.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Cashier.

Annual Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Newport National Bank will be held Tuesday, January 9, 1900, at 3:30 o'clock P. M., at the Banking House, 8 Washington Square.

H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

Aquidneck National Bank.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking rooms Tuesday, the 9th day of January, 1900, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M.

CHARLES T. HOPKINS, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., 9th December, 1899.

National Bank of Rhode Island.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 7, 1899.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at their banking rooms, Tuesday, January 9, 1900, at 3 P. M., for the election of directors.

T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

National Exchange Bank.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors, will be held at their Banking Room, 38 Washington square, Tuesday, January 9, 1900, at 3 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE H. PROUD, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., December 5, 1899.

Union National Bank.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors, will be held at the banking room, Tuesday, January 9, 1900, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 11, 1899.

National Exchange Bank.

DIVIDEND NO. 89.

A semi-annual dividend, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, will be paid to the stockholders of this bank, January 1, 1900.

GEORGE H. PROUD, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 16, 1899.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee, GROUND OR IN THE BEAN,		$1.00
2-lb can Coffee,	- - - -	.40
1-lb. can Coffee,	- - - -	.25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

All checks given at this store cashed at the Bijou, 30 Thames street.

At D. E. YOUNG'S.

Colonel's Best Flour, $4.50 per bbl.
Colonel's Best Flour, 55c. per bag.
This is the finest grade of flour sold in the city.
Granulated Sugar, 19 lbs. for $1.
My regular 30c. Java and Mocha Coffee, 20c. for this sale.
My regular 50c. Tea, 35c. for this sale.
Welcome Soap, 25 bars for $1.
Eagle Condensed Milk, 15c. per can.
Carter's Little Liver Pills, 2 for 25c.
Allcock's Plasters, 2 for 25c.

D. E. Young, 130 Thames St.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26, Wall Street—The stock market opened strong, with American Steel & Wire at 43. Atchison preferred 57⅞, Burlington 118⅞, Federal Steel 46½, Leather 12¾, Manhattan 90, Missouri Pacific 38, New York Central 126¾, Brooklyn Transit 67⅝, Northern Pacific 51, People's Gas 96¾, Rock Island 104, Sugar 124½, St. Paul 116¼, Southern preferred 51½, Tennessee Coal & Iron 78½, Tobacco 88¼, Union Pacific 43¼, and Union Pacific preferred 71⅞.

10—With no London quotations to serve as an index, the upward movement of prices in New York was continued from Saturday under further demand from shorts to cover. The specialties were most conspicuous, Sugar, People's Gas, Tennessee Coal and Metropolitan rising from one to three points. A number of international railroad stocks rose over a point. Burlington was an exception to the list with a fractional decline.

11—The purchasing movement fell off and business becoming dull the traders offered the list down. Third Avenue, which opened up three points, reacted six and Metropolitan, Brooklyn Transit, Sugar and Tennessee Coal one to 1¾. Aggressive buying of the Leather stocks advanced them notably and stimulated a demand for other specialties. The market took on animation and rose above the opening level. The specialties continued to be the leaders. Net gains there were extended in surprises over three points, the Iron and Steel stocks becoming prominent. A number of railroads rose from one to two points over Saturday.

Noon—Money on call, easier at 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼ @ ½ for demand and $4.80⅝ @ 1 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.81½ @ 2½ and $4.88 @ ½; commercial bills, $4.80 @ ½; silver certificates, 58½ @ 9½; bar silver, 58; Mexican dollars, 47¼; government bonds, strong. The traders took profit at the high point and caused a setback of over a point in some Industrials. The railways held sturdily, only a few issues yielding to any extent. The market became quite dull while the selling was on. Towards midday prices hardened again, some specialties exceeding the previous prices. Railroad bonds were moderately active and irregular, but the undertone was good.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.

	Noon.
Atchison	18⅞
Atchison preferred	58¼
Canada Southern	48
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	119½
C., C., C. & St. Louis	58
Delaware & Hudson	114
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	172
Erie	110
Illinois Central	108¾
Lake Shore offered	210
Louisville & Nashville	77¼
Manhattan	92⅞
Metropolitan Traction	161¼
Missouri Pacific	38⅞
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	10
New Jersey Central	114
New York Central	128
Northern Pacific	52
Northern Pacific preferred	75¼
Northwestern	163⅞
Ontario & Western	20¼
Oregon Navigation	42
Reading	17¼
Rock Island	104⅞
St. Paul	117
St. Paul preferred	166
Southern Pacific	34⅛
Texas & Pacific	14½
Union Pacific	44⅛
Union Pacific preferred	72¼
Wabash	7¼
Wheeling & Lake Erie	9¼
Adams Express	111
Wells, Fargo Express	118
American Spirits	3
American Tobacco	91¼
Continental Tobacco	30
Continental Tobacco preferred	80⅞
General Electric	117¾
Lead	20¼
Pacific Mail	37¼
Pullman Palace	192
Sugar	124
Tennessee Coal & Iron	79⅞
Leather	14
[illegible]	40
Western Union	84½

FINANCIAL.

The Metropolitan Stock Exchange

(Incorporated under Massachusetts law in 1890.)
$100,000.00 full paid.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton.

Daily list of quotations can be had upon application.
Send for our "WEEKLY RECORD of PRICES" on NEW YORK, BOSTON and CHICAGO markets.
NEWPORT BRANCH:
Room 1, Canonicus Building, 239 Thames St.
TELEPHONE 79.
E. F. SULLIVAN, Mgr.

NORMAN & CO.,

MEMBERS OF

New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.

Investment Securities.

Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold in all Markets for Cash or on Margin.

Interest Allowed on Deposits Subject to Cheque.

PRIVATE WIRE TO NEW YORK.

66 State St., Boston.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Long Distance Telephone.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS,

11, 13, 15 & 17 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

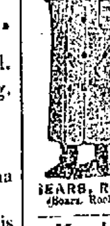
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight. Railroads reorganized and trade combinations effected. Act as Financial Agents for Corporations and investors.

U.S. Bonds, all issues, bought and sold

Branch Offices: 202 Fifth avenue, corner 25th street; 187 Broadway, Silk Exchange Building, 66 Worth street, and 39 Thomas street, 87 Hudson street, Mercantile Exchange; 16 Court street, Brooklyn.

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT



A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH for $2.75

SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at breast, taken over vest under coat, close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine and try it on at your nearest express office, and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, $2.75, and express charges.

THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1900 style, easy fitting, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Davis Covert Cloth; full length, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed seams. Suitable for both Rain or Overcoat, and guaranteed GREATEST VALUE ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00 and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.00 to $10.00, write for FREE SAMPLE BOOK No. 90E. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co. (Inc.) CHICAGO

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

Kodaks, $5 to $35.

Gram-o-phones.

Electrical Novelties.

GEO. H. CHASE,

Room 4, over 201 THAMES ST. Up one flight.

Largest assortment of Chafing Dishes in the city.

Children's Sets, Plated Knife, Fork and Spoon, Table Tea Kettles

All sizes and prices on hand.

Brass Andirons,
Brass Fenders,
Brass Fire Sets,
Brass Coal Hods,
AND MANY OTHERS, AT

W. K. COVELL'S,
163 Thames Street.

J. D. JOHNSTON,
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,
69 MILL STREET.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES ON ALL KINDS OF BUILDINGS. I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF ALTERATIONS TO INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR OF BUILDINGS. I CAN DESIGN AND BUILD YOU A LARGER AND BETTER BUILDING FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER MAN IN NEWPORT.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean killed-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

1,000 Tons
Free-Burning White Ash
COAL
Now Discharging.
Abram Almy, 173 Thames Street.

NEWPORT
Illuminating Co.

Electric Lighting, Electric Power. Residences and stores furnished for electricity at lowest rates.

Electric Supplies.
Fixtures and Shades.
449 to 455 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Perhaps you would like a pretty ring for a gift?—No matter what kind—we can make it for you to suit your taste.

We have a beautiful assortment for the holidays—diamonds, rubies, sapphires, emeralds, garnets, amethysts and other stones. Call and examine.

GEO. O. HERRMANN,
210 THAMES STREET

English Mistletoe,
Holly, Wreaths, Crosses.

Raisins, Nuts, Figs, Apples, Pears, Oranges.
BOLLINGAME & CARRY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

GRAPHOPHONE.

We carry also PHONOGRAPHS, All styles. Records, Horns, Stands, etc.

Barney's Music Store,
154 Thames Street.

99c.

Will purchase one quart Great Western Champagne from this day until January 1, 1900.

$3.

Will purchase 20 lbs. Granulated Sugar, 4 lbs. of our K. & J. Coffee, 3 lbs. English Breakfast, Oolong or Mixed Tea.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,
16 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

ARE YOU

Getting the best quality of coal for your money?

IS YOUR

Coal delivered in YELLOW coal carts?

A QUIET CHRISTMAS.

Services in the Churches and Family Parties at Home.

Christmas was generally observed in Newport, with special church services, children's entertainments, family reunions and good cheer on every side. Sunday the churches generally held appropriate services; there were the usual decorations of greens, special musical programs were rendered, and the sermons dealt with various phases of the glad message to humanity which the day renews. The morning services were well attended, but the coming of the storm prevented a large attendance in the afternoon, while in the evening there were very small congregations. Christmas day there were services in the Swedish, Protestant Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches. The Swedish congregations held early services, the Catholic churches had masses and the Protestant Episcopal churches celebrated the Holy Communion at their several services, the rectors preaching appropriate sermons, Very Rev. Charles W. Stubbs, Dean of Ely Cathedral, preaching at Trinity.

During the day business was almost universally suspended, and those who had neglected to secure provisions for breakfast or dinner could find but few shops open, even early in the morning. There were few attractions to tempt people out of doors, although the weather was excellent and in the afternoon many were out for a walk. In many a home there was a Christmas tree for the children and a family reunion, and the good will and good cheer of the day were scattered broadcast in the city. The poor were well provided for by public and private benevolence, although there was no public gathering, as at Thanksgiving day.

At Fort Adams, Fort Greble and the Naval Training Station the soldiers, sailors and apprentice boys were provided with Christmas dinners, and having the usual holiday relaxation from duty were allowed to enjoy the day according to their own pleasure.

At noon the members of Washington Commandery, Knights Templar, assembled in large numbers at their temple in the Masonic building, to drink the health of Most Eminent Grand Master of the United States Reuben Hedley Lloyd, in common with all other Commanderies within the jurisdiction of the United States.

The Sunday school of the Channing Memorial Church had its Christmas entertainment in the Channing parlors Saturday evening. A very well-arranged house scene, representing the interior of a large room, was set at one end, and in the centre of this was a large brick chimney, and in one corner a tree laden with presents. Two little girls, Misses Mason and Scannevin, made a pretty picture as they sat awaiting the arrival of Santa Claus. In a few minutes some one came down the chimney, who announced himself as Santa's son, who had been sent because the press of business had made it impossible for Santa Claus himself to come. There was no disappointment, as the gifts were distributed by Santa Claus's son, who was impersonated by Harris Bryer, the teachers assisting and each getting one or more pretty and useful present. At the close the bricks which had made the chimney, and which were found to be boxes containing candy, were given to the children. After the exercises at the tree there were dancing and other social pleasures for young and old.

At the Second Baptist Church last evening a happy company that almost filled the vestry gathered to await a visit from Santa Claus. The superintendent of the Sunday School, Mr. Clarence Peabody, opened the exercises, Rev. S. L. Carr pronouncing the invocation. When Mr. Peabody was summoned away the pastor, Rev. J. Frank Fleming, took charge of the exercises, and with a little address gave the company Eugene Field's "Jes' 'fore Christmas." The platform had been provided with a very interesting old-fashioned fireplace and chimney, with andirons and candles, and while waiting for Santa Claus to appear songs were sung and recitations given. Among those who took part were the infant class and groups of the younger boys and girls, who all recited their parts well. Single recitations were also given by Fanny Groff, Clarence Holt, Gladys Kauffman, Mattie Peabody and Mildred Hoyer. At last the friend of the children appeared down the chimney and began to distribute gifts with a lavish hand. Every one received something, from go-carts to candy, and smiles and satisfaction were evident on all sides when the closing hymn was sung. The program of songs and readings, which was an exceptionally fine one, was that prepared by Mira and Mabel Rowland, the authors of "Childhood Songs."

This evening the Sunday school of the United Congregational Church will have its Christmas entertainment in the chapel, beginning at 6:30; the Trinity Church Sunday school will have its festival in the guild hall on High street at 7 o'clock; the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Sunday school will have its entertainment in the chapel on Brewer street, beginning at 7:30, and the children of the Sunday school at Grace Chapel will have their entertainment in the chapel on Wellington avenue at 8 o'clock.

Tomorrow afternoon from 4 to 6 the infant department of the Emmanuel Church Sunday school will have their entertainment, and the adult classes Monday evening next, January 1, at 7:30.

The Sunday schools of the First Baptist Church and the Tilley Avenue chapel will have their Christmas entertainment at the church Sunday school rooms Wednesday at 7 o'clock.

On account of the storm Sunday evening the Christmas service of the First Baptist Church Sunday school was postponed.

The Union Congregational Church Sunday school will have its Christmas entertainment tonight.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court this morning the will of Ann Barry was proved and letters testamentary issued to Louis J. Deady. The petition for the removal of the administrator de bonis non with the will annexed on estate of Laura Stewart was continued for further hearing. Petitions of Mary J. Brady, for adoption; for probate of the will of Flavius J. Manchester, and for removal of the guardian of Robert Robinson, were continued to January 2. Petitions for administration on the estate of Peter J. Lee, for probate of the will of Warren Randolph and notice of declination of one executor, and for consideration of the executrix's final account with the estate of Francis L. Girard, were continued to January 15.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. William O. Dyer of the Lincoln Provision Company of Providence, which made an assignment last week, is a native of Portsmouth, a son of the late Edward F. Dyer. Next to the president of the company, Mr. Dyer was the largest stockholder.

Miss Mary Chase of Providence is with her parents at "Wappmang" for the holidays.

Miss Carr, teacher in the Vaucluse district, is spending the holiday vacation at her home in Providence.

Mr. Benjamin Weaver has taken possession of his new farm "Sandy Point." Mr. Charles Carr and family are to occupy the cottage on the place and Mr. Carr will act as farmer for Mr. Weaver.

Mr. Abner Brown and his sister, Miss Mary Brown, spent last week in Providence as guests of their aunt, Mrs. Lydia Coggeshall.

The Misses Eudora and Mary Chase of Newport spent Christmas with their cousin, Mrs. A. L. Wilbur.

The vestry of the Christian Church was well filled Saturday evening to listen to "The Cantata of the Dolls" and enjoy the pretty Christmas tree, loaded with presents and bright with variegated fruit. With the exception of Mr. and Mrs. Santa Claus—Mr. Frederick and Miss Anna G. Sherman—all the children in the cantata were of the infant class and represented the variety of dolls as follows: Creeping doll, Alice Borden; walking doll, Kenneth Almy; French doll, Ruth Anthony; crying doll, Irving Anthony; talking doll, Eva Walker; Lord Fauntleroy, Everett Bailey; singing doll, Sadie Anthony; Japanese doll, Harry McCrone; two Jacks in the box, Ray Borden and Cyril Durfee; drummer boys, Walter McCrone and Louis Durfee; Indian doll, Joe Brazil; negro doll, John Brazil; baby doll, Elizabeth Bailey; every day dolls, Edna Almy, Dorothea Tallman, Ethel Negus, Mary Barclay, Kate Anthony; chorus of singers, Roy Tallman, Howard Sherman, Jean Barclay, Jessie Martin, Josie Anthony, Marianne Brazil, Carrie Brazil; good night dolls, Mary Barclay, Katie Anthony, Dalton Thurston, Alice Borden; organist, Carrie Anthony.

The decorations at St. Paul's Church were simple but in excellent taste and the Christmas tree looked as usual very attractive and bore a large number of presents, mostly books for the Sunday school scholars, each having a bag of candy, and many being distributed among the audience. Rev. J. Sturgis Pearce, Mrs. Pearce and the organist were remembered by sums of money. After the services at the church, which included several beautiful carols, the congregation was invited to adjourn to the guild house, where a social was enjoyed and a collation served.

Mr. John S. Kimber of Newport preached at Friends' meeting Sunday morning.

Mr. Levi Almy of New York is spending the Christmas holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Almy.

Mr. William and Miss Jennie Davol entertained Mr. and Mrs. William H. Tallman Christmas day. Mr. Ellery G. Brownell and wife entertained a family party of 22, Mrs. Joseph G. Dennis and Miss Emma C. Wilcox were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Almy, Dr. Crittenden was guest of Rev. E. S. Hammond and family, Mr. and Mrs. Asa Coggeshall entertained a large party of relatives, among them being Mrs. Wilbur of Tiverton; Mrs. William Elliott and children spent the day with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jordan of Newport; Mrs. William H. Chace accompanied by Miss Ida Chaffee went to Somerville, Mass., to visit her daughter, Mrs. Joseph H. Cross.

The entertainment given at the Methodist Episcopal Church Christmas evening in honor of Santa Claus was witnessed by a full house. Two trees loaded with presents and very prettily arranged made a goodly sight for the children and scarcely less pleasing to the older ones, in whose faces the joy of the children was reflected. The program was as follows: Voluntary, violin and organ, Mrs. William P. Brayton and Miss Kate L. Durfee; "Silent night! Holy night!" singing, "Beautiful Star of Bethlehem;" prayer, by Rev. E. S. Hammond; anthem, "Behold I bring you good tidings," violin leading; responsive service; solo, "Christmas Sunrise Song," by H. Chester Hedley; recitation, by M. A. Hedley; "Sing a Song of Christmas," by Edna D. Brayton; recitation, by Wesley Hammond; singing, "The Universal Hymn;" recitation, by Emily Pearce; "Oh! What did Little Children do?" by Merle Oliver; recitation, by Frank Oliver; anthem, "Hark! The Herald Angels Sing," violin accompaniment; singing, "Ye Merry Bells;" recitation, "Come Let us to His Temple Go," by Clara L. Brayton; "Shoes and Stockings," by Harrison Manchester; "Prophetic Glory," by Beulah Davol; solo, "How Lovely are the Messengers," Miss Kate L. Durfee; address by pastor; address by Mrs. Santa Claus (Miss Susie Littlefield), who took a number of presents out of a pumpkin which was on the platform.

Mr. J. Bradford Sherman of Boston is guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wanton T. Sherman.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"THE CUCKOO."

Poor Audience Christmas Afternoon, But Good in the Evening.

The comedy farce, "The Cuckoo," was presented to two audiences at the Opera House Christmas day. In the afternoon there was a rather small gathering, as Newport theatre-goers have not yet acquired the habit of attending dramatic entertainments on holidays; but in the evening there was a large and representative audience, in pit, balcony and gallery, and the interesting story, bright dialogue and ingenious and novel situations and complications were thoroughly enjoyed. The story deals with the love affair of Hugh Farrant, a handsome, heart-breaking young bachelor, and Guinevere Penfold. The latter is the wife of Thomas Penfold, a corn broker, an elderly individual who takes advantage of his wife's absence to engage in a flirtation with a woman who parades under the high-sounding title of Lady Alexandra Parke. Farrant induces the young wife to go on a jaunt with him to a place called Maidensbourne. On the way to the hotel where they expect to dine, Farrant, who is an impulsive young man, jumps from his cab to rescue a rustic from drowning, and subsequently subdues the lion which has escaped from the menagerie. His valor wins for him a number of prizes, and the prizes go to the lady's husband together with eulogistic accounts of his exploits in the newspapers, much to his discomfiture and the enjoyment of the audience. The action of the play centres in Mr. and Mrs. Penfold and Hugh Farrant, the other characters being only incidental to the development of the story.

The company was an excellent one, as all of Mr. Frohman's are. Mr. Joseph Holland as Hugh Farrant gave a striking portrayal of the easy-going lover, his quiet demeanor giving it its force. Mr. Clayton White as Mr. Penfold was thoroughly enjoyable, his facial expressions and by-plays being especially well executed. Miss Eleanor Moretti, who was called upon to take Miss Amelia Bingham's part as Mrs. Penfold, although not letter perfect, gave an enjoyable performance of the part, her unfamiliarity with some of the lines preventing her from at times doing her best work. Miss Annie Wood gave a capital character sketch as Miss Middleisch, the manageress of "The Flowerpot," and the subordinate parts were in capable hands.

IN MEMORY OF REV. DR. RANDOLPH.

At the Central Baptist Church Sunday Rev. George E. Horr, D. D., of Boston, who occupied the pulpit during the day, at the morning service spoke briefly of the life and character of the late Dr. Randolph, with whom he had been intimately connected in church work and in the Baptist societies, and whom he held in the highest esteem as a personal friend. During this service the clerk of the church received a communication from the congregation of the First Baptist Church, enclosing resolutions adopted by the latter, extending its Christian sympathy and sorrow to the Central church and Dr. Randolph's family, expressing "a deep sense of the loss sustained by his dear ones, by the church to which he had ministered for 20 years, and by the denomination which he so efficiently served during his life." The resolutions further stated that, "while bowing submissively to the supreme will of the Great Head of the Church, who has seen fit to transfer our beloved brother from the work of the church militant to the holy service of the church triumphant, we will lovingly cherish his blessed memory, his noble service as a devout minister of the Gospel, and seek to imitate in our lives his sweet Christ-like spirit." The resolutions, which were signed in behalf of the First Baptist Church by Rev. Brewer G. Boardman, pastor, and Abram A. Tilley, clerk, were read to the Central Baptist congregation by Mr. Samuel W. Marsh, clerk of the latter church.

On account of the inclement weather Sunday evening, Rev. H. N. Jeter of the Shiloh Baptist Church decided to postpone to next Sunday evening his sermon on the life and character of Dr. Randolph.

At the annual meeting of the Central Baptist Church Thursday evening resolutions on the death of Dr. Randolph will be presented. It has been determined, on account of the recent death of the pastor, that the Sunday school will have no Christmas entertainment this year.

THE INCREASING SUPPLY OF GOLD.

If the bounteous supply of the precious metals measures commercial prosperity, it is certain that the next century will surpass all other periods of the world's history in this respect. Never before has such machinery been applied to the extraction of the metal, nor has such deep knowledge of the secrets of chemistry been utilized in this direction; swift and cheap connection with every quarter of the world is now ready, and the darkest corners of the continent are opened up to exploration and development. Since the sixteenth century Europe has heard of the marvelous gold region of Manoa—the dream of Raleigh and Drake will at last be realized by the development of the rich gold districts of British and French Guinea.

The Ophir of the Bible will again send out a golden stream when there is peace in South Africa—the deposits of the Transvaal and its neighbors have hardly been scratched.

Perhaps it will be 20 years before the difficulties of profitable mining in the Klondike will be settled, but we know that snow and ice cannot hide gold from the world. Expert reports from that section show that a tithe of the riches has not been told.

The Trans-Siberian railway opens a gold-bearing region in northern Asia that gives rise to the old tales of the gardens of the Hesperides, where fruits of solid gold grew on the trees, and the reality will eclipse the dreams of the Greek poets.

China is practically an unknown land, but we know that Manchuria is rich in gold, as well as iron and coal; other sections of the mighty empire are worked now, and return rich profits even under Chinese labor—what will they do when Europeans apply modern methods?

There can be no doubt that the wealth which American mines once poured out upon a contracted area of civilization sufficient to produce a new epoch in business and a revival of dormant energies, will be as nothing when compared to the stream that will accompany the progress of the next century, even though it must fertilize a world instead of a few nations.—[Florida Times-Union and Citizen.

AUCTION SALES.

By Thomas Burlingham, Auctioneer.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, Dec. 28, at 10 o'clock.

ONE OLD MAHOGANY DESK,

Old Fashioned Chairs, 2,000 Books, Crockery and Glass, Carpets, Rugs, Chamber Sets, Parlor Suits, Pictures, Stoves, Bookcases, Looking Glasses, Brass Bedsteads, etc.

Inspection on Wednesday.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by the Newport Nursery Company to the Savings Bank of Newport, dated February 24, 1893, and recorded in Land Evidence Book of Middletown R. I. No. 16, pages 427, 428, 429, 430 and 431, breach of the conditions of said Mortgage having been made and still existing;

Said Mortgagee will sell at public auction on **Wednesday, December 27th, 1899,** at twelve o'clock noon, on Vernon Avenue in front of the land hereinafter described, that parcel of land in the said town of Middletown in Rhode Island, with buildings and improvements thereon, and the appurtenances thereof, bounded, Southerly on Vernon Avenue 322 and 6-10 feet, Westerly on land of Harriet Smyth 325 and 4-10 feet, Northerly principally on land formerly of William E. Prince, deceased, and partly on land of Louisa H. Hoppin 322 and 6-10 feet, and Easterly on land now or formerly of Francis S. and Stephen P. Barker, Jr., 343 feet; said bounded land containing two and a half acres of land, more or less, and being the same granted by said Mortgage deed which is hereby made part hereof.

Said Mortgagee hereby gives notice that it intends to bid for said property at said sale thereof.

SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT,
By G. P. Taylor, Treas.

Newport, December 4, 1899.

By Eugene C. O'Neill, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the powers contained in the last will and testament of Timothy C. Sullivan, late of the City and County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, deceased, the undersigned, as Executor of and Trustee under said last will and Testament, will sell at public auction on **Thursday, January 11th, 1900,** at 12 o'clock noon on the premises first hereinafter described in said City of Newport; All that certain lot or parcel of land with the dwelling house thereon, bounded, as follows: South-Westerly, on Burnside Avenue, forty-one feet and six inches, North-Westerly on land of J. F. Shea, ninety feet and six inches, North-Easterly on the lot hereinafter described, forty-one feet and South-Easterly, on land now or formerly of Patrick Marks, eighty-five feet, be said measurements more or less or however otherwise bounded or described, it being the same lot of land heretofore conveyed to said Timothy C. Sullivan by Charles Spooner and George A. Simmons, by deed, bearing date, March 26, 1891, and recorded Land Evidence of said Newport, Vol. 37, P. 397.

And immediately after the close of the sale of the above described premises he will sell at public auction on the premises hereinafter described; All that certain lot or parcel of land with the dwelling house and improvements thereon, bounded, as follows, North-Easterly on Callender Avenue, forty feet, South-Easterly on land now or formerly of Patrick Marks, sixty-three feet and six inches, South-Westerly on land hereinbefore described, forty feet, and North-Westerly partly on land of P. Waters and partly on land of J. F. Shea, sixty-four feet and one inch, be said measurements more or less or however otherwise bounded or described, it being the same lot of land heretofore conveyed to said Timothy C. Sullivan by William Tew Tilley and wife by deed bearing date, June 15, 1896, and recorded Land Evidence of said Newport, Vol. 33, P. 374.

MICHAEL F. SHEA,
As Executor of and Trustee under Will of Timothy C. Sullivan.

DINNER AND DESSERT PLATES,

CHOP DISHES, FRUIT DISHES, CAKE PLATES, CHOCOLATE SETS, BREAD AND BUTTER PLATES, COMB AND BRUSH TRAYS, VASES IN GLASS AND CHINA, AND AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF CHOICE NEW GOODS. AN INSPECTION IS INVITED.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

COAL.

A full assortment for family and steam use

WOOD

Prepared in any manner desired.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, Agent.
Telephone 207-3.

EGGS.

Don't use ice house eggs. This is the time of year that you are using a great many eggs in cooking, and be careful to buy fresh eggs or they will spoil everything you put them in. Our cheapest eggs have never been in an ice house, and our best eggs come in from the country daily.

BUTTER—Don't use old butter. There is just as much sense in using meat that has been in an ice house six months as there is in buying June butter that has been kept in an ice house for the same length of time. Fresh made creamery butter costs a little more, but it goes farther and has more value than held butter. There would not be so much stomach trouble in New England if people would be a little more careful and use fresh made creamery butter. Our butter all comes from the creameries two and three times a week.

EVERYTHING IN THE GROCERY LINE FOR THE HOLIDAYS, AT CUT PRICES.

TEA—Do not pay 75c. and $1 per pound for tea. Our teas at 47c. per pound are the best that money can buy. A regular 70c. tea for 35c. per pound.

COFFEE—If you are in the habit of paying 35c. or 40c. per pound for coffee, try our coffee at 25c. per pound. We are satisfied it will please you better.

N. Y. BUTTER AND GROCERY HOUSE,
E. A. EDES & CO.,
149 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

Great Reduction in Prices
—OF—
MILLINERY GOODS
AT THE
Broadway Millinery Store,
G. H. KIRBY, - 86 Broadway

A HALF-PRICE SALE.

WE MAKE IT A POINT NEVER TO CARRY OVER STOCK FROM ONE SEASON TO ANOTHER, THEREFORE HALF PRICE ON THE BALANCE OF STOCK.

M. E. Tobin, 46 & 48 Washington Square.

FRENCH AND DOMESTIC PATTERN
Hats and Bonnets.
N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,
Formerly of Park Square, Boston,
HAS OPENED PARLORS AT 5 MOUNT VERNON STREET.

NEW BOOKS.

LIGHTS AND SHADOWS of A LONG EPISCOPATE,
Being reminiscences and recollections of the Rt. Rev. Henry Benjamin Whipple, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of Minn.

The Life and Letters of Sir John Everett Millais.
Life and Character, Drawings by W. T. Smedley.
Child-Life in Colonial Days, Alice Morse Earle.
The Sky Pilot, Ralph Connor.
Letters of Robert Louis Stevenson.
Reminiscences, 1819–1899, Julia Ward Howe.

SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street.
Successor to O. E. Hammett, Jr.

TIMELY BOOKS.
BRITON AND BOER, Both Sides of the South African Question.
OOM PAUL'S PEOPLE, BY HOWARD C. HILLEGAS.
THEIR SILVER WEDDING JOURNEY.
—AND—
other handsome books for the holidays.

Carr's Book Shop, Daily News Building.

Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL.

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, good and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS for the prices have risen considerably.

E. G. Blaine's, 246 Thames street.

WHAT WE WILL NOT DO.

We will not wear out or tear your clothes with machinery as we do no machine work. We will not disappoint you, but will deliver your goods promptly at such time as you may designate. We will not charge you more than the steam laundry. Just try us and you will be convinced we are not excelled by any laundry in the city.

EMPIRE LAUNDRY, 155 PROSPECT HILL ST.
Offices 120 and 174 Thames Sts.

The Genuine
Edison Phonograph,
$7.50, $20, $30.

B. G. I. Golf Clubs.

Whitely Physical Exercises.

EDWARD GRIFFITH,
158 Thames Street.

LAPPIN.

Underwear Sale!

Look for our special winter underwear sale SATURDAY, DEC. 30.

As it takes one week to prepare and look the stock over and collect the odds and ends and as our reputation for all kinds of winter underwear excels any house in this city, we ask you to wait and inspect ours before buying elsewhere.

M. B. Lappin's, 145 Thames St.